## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# ECH1 (N-15): sc-167712



## BACKGROUND

ECH1 (enoyl coenzyme A hydratase 1), also known as HPXEL, is a 328 amino acid protein that localizes to both the mitochondrion and the peroxisome and belongs to the hydratase/isomerase superfamily. Existing as a homohexamer, ECH1 is involved in the fatty acid- $\beta$  oxidation pathway, specifically functioning to catalyze the isomerization of 3-*trans*,5-*cis*-dienoyl-CoA to 2-*trans*,4-*trans*-dienoyl-CoA. The gene encoding ECH1 maps to human chromosome 19, which is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members, including the killer cell and leukocyte lg-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG family and Fc receptors (FcRs).

#### REFERENCES

- FitzPatrick, D.R., et al. 1995. Isolation and characterization of rat and human cDNAs encoding a novel putative peroxisomal enoyl-CoA hydratase. Genomics 27: 457-466.
- 2. Filppula, S.A., et al. 1998.  $\Delta^{3,5}$ - $\Delta^{2,4}$ -dienoyl-CoA isomer-ase from rat liver. Molecular characterization. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 349-355.
- Davoli, R., et al. 2003. Radiation hybrid mapping of three skeletal muscle genes (CKM, ECH1 and TNNT1) to porcine chromosome 6. Anim. Genet. 34: 302-303.
- 4. Jia, Y., et al. 2003. Overexpression of peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor- $\alpha$  (PPAR $\alpha$ )-regulated genes in liver in the absence of peroxisome proliferation in mice deficient in both L- and D-forms of enoyl-CoA hydratase/dehydrogenase enzymes of peroxisomal  $\beta$ -oxidation system. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 47232-47239.
- 5. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2005. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 600696. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- Kovalyov, L.I., et al. 2006. Polymorphism of Δ<sup>3,5</sup>-Δ<sup>2,4</sup>-dienoyl-coenzyme A isomerase (the ECH1 gene product protein) in human striated muscle tissue. Biochemistry Mosc. 71: 448-453.
- 7. de Boer, V.C., et al. 2006. Chronic quercetin exposure affects fatty acid catabolism in rat lung. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 63: 2847-2858.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ECH1 (human) mapping to 19q13.2.

## SOURCE

ECH1 (N-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of ECH1 of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-167712 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

ECH1 (N-15) is recommended for detection of ECH1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

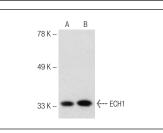
ECH1 (N-15) is also recommended for detection of ECH1 in additional species, including equine, canine and bovine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for ECH1 siRNA (h): sc-97427, ECH1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97427-SH and ECH1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97427-V.

Molecular Weight of ECH1 monomer: 35 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

## DATA



ECH1 (N-15): sc-167712. Western blot analysis of ECH1 expression in Hep G2 (A) and HeLa (B) whole cell lysates.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

## MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **ECH1 (B-3): sc-515270**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to ECH1 (N-15).