# RMDN2 (G-14): sc-167825



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

RMDN2 (regulator of microtubule dynamics 2), also known as FAM82A, RMD2 or RMD4, is a 410 amino acid single-pass membrane protein that localizes to the cytoplasm during interphase and associates with microtubles during mitosis. RMDN2 exists as four alternatively spliced isoforms and maps to human chromosome 2. The second largest human chromosome, 2 consists of 237 million bases encoding over 1,400 genes and making up approximately 8% of the human genome. A number of genetic diseases are linked to genes on chromosome 2. Harlequin icthyosis, a rare and morbid skin deformity, is associated with mutations in the ABCA12 gene. The lipid metabolic disorder sitosterolemia is associated with ABCG5 and ABCG8. An extremely rare recessive genetic disorder, Alström syndrome is due to mutations in the ALMS1 gene. Interestingly, chromosome 2 contains what appears to be a vestigial second centromere and vestigial telomeres which gives credence to the hypothesis that human chromosome 2 is the result of an ancient fusion of two ancestral chromosomes seen in modern form today in apes.

## **REFERENCES**

- Ijdo, J.W., et al. 1991. Origin of human chromosome 2: an ancestral telomere-telomere fusion. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 9051-9055.
- 2. Avarello, R., et al. 1992. Evidence for an ancestral alphoid domain on the long arm of human chromosome 2. Hum. Genet. 89: 247-249.
- Hillier, L.W., et al. 2005. Generation and annotation of the DNA sequences of human chromosomes 2 and 4. Nature 434: 724-731.
- Thomas, A.C., et al. 2006. ABCA12 is the major harlequin ichthyosis gene.
  J. Invest. Dermatol. 126: 2408-2413.
- Akiyama, M., et al. 2007. Compound heterozygous ABCA12 mutations in-cluding a novel nonsense mutation underlie harlequin ichthyosis. Dermatology 215: 155-159.
- Marshall, J.D., et al. 2007. Alström syndrome. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 15: 1193-1202.
- Marshall, J.D., et al. 2007. Spectrum of ALMS1 variants and evaluation of genotype-phenotype correlations in Alström syndrome. Hum. Mutat. 28: 1114-1123.
- Tabas, I. 2007. A two-carbon switch to sterol-induced autophagic death. Autophagy 3: 38-41.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RMDN2 (human) mapping to 2p22.2; Fam82a1 (mouse) mapping to 17 E3.

# SOURCE

RMDN2 (G-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of RMDN2 of human origin.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-167825 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

RMDN2 (G-14) is recommended for detection of RMDN2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with RMDN1 or RMDN3.

RMDN2 (G-14) is also recommended for detection of RMDN2 in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for RMDN2 siRNA (h): sc-94982, RMDN2 siRNA (m): sc-145056, RMDN2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-94982-SH, RMDN2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-145056-SH, RMDN2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-94982-V and RMDN2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-145056-V.

Molecular Weight of RMDN2 isoforms 1-4: 47/65/25/31 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

**Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc.** 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 **Europe** +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 **www.scbt.com**