# L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP γ8 (E-13): sc-168396



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

L-type (long lasting current) voltage-dependent calcium channels are composed of four subunits, designated  $\alpha 1,\,\beta,\,\gamma$  and  $\alpha 2/\delta,\,$  all of which work together to mediate neurotransmitter release. L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma 8,\,$  also known as CACNG8 (calcium channel, voltage-dependent,  $\gamma$  subunit 8), is a 425 amino acid multipass membrane protein that exists as a component of the  $\gamma$  subunit and is thought to specifically stabilize calcium channels in a closed (inactive) state. The gene encoding L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma 8$  maps to a cluster of  $\gamma$  subunit-encoding genes on human chromosome 19. Chromosome 19 consists of over 63 million bases, houses approximately 1,400 genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Marfan syndrome are all associated with defects in chromosome 15-localized genes.

# **REFERENCES**

- Burgess, D.L., et al. 1999. Single gene defects in mice: the role of voltagedependent calcium channels in absence models. Epilepsy Res. 36: 111-122.
- 2. Chu, P.J., et al. 2001. Calcium channel  $\gamma$  subunits provide insights into the evolution of this gene family. Gene 280: 37-48.
- 3. Burgess, D.L., et al. 2001. A cluster of three novel  $Ca^{2+}$  channel  $\gamma$  subunit genes on chromosome 19q13.4: evolution and expression profile of the  $\gamma$  subunit gene family. Genomics 71: 339-350.
- 4. Black, J.L. 2003. The voltage-gated calcium channel  $\gamma$  subunits: a review of the literature. J. Bioenerg. Biomembr. 35: 649-660.
- 5. Rouach, N., et al. 2005. TARP  $\gamma$ -8 controls hippocampal AMPA receptor number, distribution and synaptic plasticity. Nat. Neurosci. 8: 1525-1533.
- 6. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2006. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 606900. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CACNG8 (human) mapping to 19q13.42; Cacng8 (mouse) mapping to 7 A1.

#### SOURCE

L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\gamma$ 8 (E-13) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\gamma$ 8 of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-168396 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\gamma$ 8 (E-13) is recommended for detection of L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\gamma$ 8 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with other L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$  family members .

L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\gamma$ 8 (E-13) is also recommended for detection of L-type Ca<sup>++</sup> CP  $\gamma$ 8 in additional species, including porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 siRNA (h): sc-97586, L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 siRNA (m): sc-146621, L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97586-SH, L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146621-SH, L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97586-V and L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146621-V.

Molecular Weight of L-type Ca++ CP γ8: 43 kDa.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **L-type Ca++ CP \gamma8 (A-8): sc-514421**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to L-type Ca++ CP  $\gamma$ 8 (E-13).

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com