# FANCG (h): 293T Lysate: sc-170176



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

Fanconi anemia (FA) is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by bone marrow failure, birth defects, and chromosomal instability. At the cellular level, FA is characterized by spontaneous chromosomal breakage and a unique hypersensitivity to DNA cross-linking agents. At least eight complementation groups (A-G) have been identified and six FA genes (for subtypes A, C, D2, E, F and G) have been cloned. The FA proteins lack sequence homologies or motifs that could point to a molecular function. The cellular accumulation of FA proteins, including FANCA and FANCG, is subject to regulation by TNF $\alpha$  signaling. Phosphorylation of FANC (fanconi anemia complementation group) proteins is thought to be important for the function of the FA pathway. Phosphorylation of Serine 7 in FANCG is functionally important in the FA pathway. FANCG is localized majorly in the nucleus and minorly in the cytoplasm, and is highly expressed in testis and thymus.

## **REFERENCES**

- de Winter, J.P., van der Weel, L., de Groot, J., Stone, S., Waisfisz, Q., Arwert, F., Scheper, R.J., Kruyt, F.A., Hoatlin, M.E. and Joenje, H. 2000. The Fanconi anemia protein FANCF forms a nuclear complex with FANCA, FANCC and FANCG. Hum. Mol. Genet. 9: 2665-2674.
- Garcia-Higuera, I., Kuang, Y., Denham, J. and D'Andrea, A.D. 2000. The Fanconi anemia proteins FANCA and FANCG stabilize each other and promote the nuclear accumulation of the Fanconi anemia complex. Blood 96: 3224-3230.
- Yagasaki, H., Adachi, D., Oda, T., Garcia-Higuera, I., Tetteh, N., D'Andrea, A.D., Futaki, M., Asano, S. and Yamashita, T. 2001. A cytoplasmic serine protein kinase binds and may regulate the Fanconi anemia protein FANCA. Blood 98: 650-3657.
- 4. Futaki, M., Watanabe, S., Kajigaya, S. and Liu, J.M. 2001. Fanconi anemia protein, FANCG, is a phosphoprotein and is upregulated with FANCA after TNF $\alpha$  treatment. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commum. 281: 347-351.
- Otsuki, T., Nagashima, T., Komatsu, N., Kirito, K., Furukawa, Y., Kobayashi Si, S., Liu, J.M. and Ozawa, K. 2002. Phosphorylation of Fanconi anemia protein, FANCA, is regulated by Akt kinase. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 291: 628-634.
- Qiao, F., Mi, J., Wilson, J.B., Zhi, G., Bucheimer, N.R., Jones, N.J. and Kupfer, G.M. 2004. Phosphorylation of Fanconi anemia (FA) complementation group G protein, FANCG, at Serine 7 is important for function of the FA pathway. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 46035-46045.
- 7. Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL (6136453). World Wide Web URL: http://www.expasy.ch/sprot/sprot-top.html

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FANCG (human) mapping to 9p13.3.

## **PRODUCT**

FANCG (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human FANCG transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

FANCG (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive FANCG antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

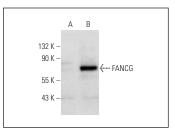
Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

FANCG (75-A): sc-100740 is recommended as a positive control antibody for Western Blot analysis of enhanced human FANCG expression in FANCG transfected 293T cells (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000).

### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

### **DATA**



FANCG (75-A): sc-100740. Western blot analysis of FANCG expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human FANCG transfected: sc-170176 (B) 293T whole cell Ivsates.

### **STORAGE**

Store at -20 $^{\circ}$  C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com