SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

probasin (R-15): sc-17126



BACKGROUND

Functional differentiation of prostatic epithelium is manifested by the production of tissue specific secretory proteins. Production of these proteins is dependent on the presence of serum androgens, such as probasin. Probasin (PB) occurs both as a secreted and a nuclear protein that is abundantly expressed in the epithelial cells of the prostate. Probasin is a prostate-specific and androgen-regulated protein, and it is useful as a marker of prostate differentiation. Androgen-specific regulation of probasin gene transcription requires two androgen receptor-binding sites, which are contained within the 5'flanking end of the probasin androgen-responsive region. The binding of the androgen receptor to both sites occurs in a cooperative, mutually dependent manner.

REFERENCES

- Rennie, P.S., et al. 1993. Characterization of two *cis*-acting DNA elements involved in the androgen regulation of the probasin gene. Mol. Endocrinol. 7: 23-36.
- Kasper, S., et al. 1994. Cooperative binding of androgen receptors to two DNA sequences is required for androgen induction of the probasin gene. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 31763-31769.
- Lopes, E.S., et al. 1996. Initiation of secretory activity of rat prostatic epithelium in organ culture. Endocrinology 137: 4225-4234.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pbsn (mouse) mapping to X A7.3.

SOURCE

probasin (R-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of probasin of rat origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-17126 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

probasin (R-15) is recommended for detection of probasin of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for probasin siRNA (m): sc-39717, probasin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39717-SH and probasin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39717-V.

Molecular Weight of probasin: 22 kDa.

Positive Controls: rat prostate extract: sc-364809 or mouse prostate extract: sc-364249.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA





probasin (H-15): sc-1/126. Western blot analysis of probasin expression in rat prostate tissue extract. probasin (R-15): sc-17126. Western blot analysis of probasin expression in mouse prostate tissue extract.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Wu, C.T., et al. 2007. Increased prostate cell proliferation and loss of cell differentiation in mice lacking prostate epithelial androgen receptor. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 104: 12679-12684.
- Shen, H., et al. 2008. The SWI/SNF ATPase Brm is a gatekeeper of proliferative control in prostate cancer. Cancer Res. 68: 10154-10162.
- Conde-Vancells, J., et al. 2010. Candidate biomarkers in exosome-like vesicles purified from rat and mouse urine samples. Proteomics Clin. Appl. 4: 416-425.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed Try probasin (F-6): sc-393830, our highly recommended monoclonal aternative to probasin (R-15).