## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# C4BP (M-20): sc-17214



### BACKGROUND

Complement component 4-binding protein (C4BP) is a plasma glycoprotein that inhibits the classical pathway of complement activation, which is mediated through antibody targeting of foreign antigen. Structurally, C4BP is a disulfide linked, multimeric protein that is composed of seven  $\alpha$  chains and one  $\beta$  chain. C4BP functions as a cofactor for C3 $\beta$  inactivator in the cleavage of C3 $\beta$ , and accelerates the decay of C4 $\beta$ C2 $\alpha$  (C3 convertase) by acting as a cofactor in the cleavage of C4 $\beta$  by factor I. Streptococcal strains that express lg-binding cell surface molecules, which are members of the M protein family, can bind to overlapping C4 $\beta$  binding sites in C4BP and therefore, interfere with the classical pathway of complement activation. Bacteria-bound C4BP may be an evolved mechanism that downregulates complement activation in the bacterial host microenvironment, thereby reducing the occurances of bacterial opsonization and phagocytosis.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Scharfstein, J., et al. 1978. Human C4-binding protein. I. Isolation and characterization. J. Exp. Med. 148: 207-222.
- Chung, L.P., et al. 1985. Molecular cloning and characterization of the cDNA coding for C4β-binding protein, a regulatory protein of the classical pathway of the human complement system. Biochem. J. 230: 133-141.
- 3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2000. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 120830. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- 4. Blom, A.M., et al. 2000. Positively charged amino acids at the interface between  $\alpha$  chain CCP1 and CCP2 of C4BP are required for regulation of the classical C3-convertase. Mol. Immunol. 37: 445-453.
- 5. Blom, A.M., et al. 2000. Human C4 $\beta$ -binding protein has overlapping, but not identical, binding sites for C4 $\beta$  and streptococcal M proteins. J. Immunol. 164: 5328-5336.
- 6. Blom, A.M., et al. 1999. A cluster of positively charged amino acids in the C4BP  $\alpha$  chain is crucial for C4 $\beta$  binding and factor I cofactor function. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 19237-19245.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: C4BPA (human) mapping to 1q32; C4bp (mouse) mapping to 1 E4.

## SOURCE

C4BP (M-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of C4BP of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-17214 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### APPLICATIONS

C4BP (M-20) is recommended for detection of C4BP of mouse origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for C4BP siRNA (m): sc-42740; and as shRNA Plasmid control antibody for C4BP shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42740-SH.

Molecular Weight of C4BP: 70 kDa.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210.

### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.