# Influenza A pb2 (vN-19): sc-17603



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Influenza viruses are divided into three types, designated A, B and C. Influenza types A and B are responsible for epidemics of respiratory illness that occur almost every winter and are often associated with increased rates for hospitalization and death. Influenza type A viruses are divided into subtypes based on differences in two viral proteins called hemagglutinin (H) and neuraminidase (N). The influenza virus RNA polymerase consists of three virus-encoded proteins, pb1, pb2 and pa. pb1 is the subunit involved in the catalytic activity of nucleotide polymerization and is involved in the initiation of transcription. Both pb1 and pb2 can be crosslinked to synthetic RNA with the 3' terminal sequence of vRNA. These two subunits may also be involved in recognition of the promoter and/or replication origin on template vRNA. pb2 is the cap 1-recognition protein, which binds to the cap structure of host cell RNA, otherwise know as "cap snatching". The cap structure then acts as a primer for transcription to produce viral mRNA.

## **REFERENCES**

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- 2. Fleming, D.M. and Zambon, M. 2001. Update on influenza and other viral pneumonias. Curr. Opin. Infect. Dis. 2: 199-204.
- 3. Bullido, R., Gomez-Puertas, P., Saiz, M.J. and Portela, A. 2001. Influenza A virus NEP (ns2 protein) downregulates RNA synthesis of model template RNAs. J. Virol. 10: 4912-4917.
- Abe, T., Mizuta, T., Hatta, T., Miyano-Kurosaki, N., Fujiwara, M., Takai, K., Shigeta, S., Yokota, T. and Takaku, H. 2001. Antisense therapy of influenza. Eur. J. Pharm. Sci. 1: 61-69.
- Li, M.L., Rao, P. and Krug, R.M. 2001. The active sites of the influenza capdependent endonuclease are on different polymerase subunits. EMBO J. 8: 2078-2086.

# **SOURCE**

Influenza A pb2 (vN-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of pb2 of Influenza A virus origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-17603 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

Influenza A pb2 (vN-19) is recommended for detection of pb2 of Influenza A virus origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000).

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Bradel-Tretheway, B.G., Kelley, Z., Chakraborty-Sett, S., Takimoto, T., Kim, B. and Dewhurst, S. 2008. The human H5N1 influenza A virus polymerase complex is active *in vitro* over a broad range of temperatures, in contrast to the WSN complex, and this property can be attributed to the pb2 subunit. J. Gen. Virol. 89: 2923-2932.
- Zhang, J., Li, G. and Ye, X. 2010. Cyclin T1/CDK9 Interacts with Influenza A virus polymerase and facilitates its association with cellular RNA Polymerase II. J. Virol. 84: 12619-12627.
- Li, G., Zhang, J., Tong, X., Liu, W. and Ye, X. 2011. Heat shock protein 70 inhibits the activity of Influenza A virus ribonucleoprotein and blocks the replication of virus in vitro and in vivo. PLoS ONE 6: e16546.
- Bradel-Tretheway, B.G., Mattiacio, J.L., Krasnoselsky, A., Stevenson, C., Purdy, D., Dewhurst, S. and Katze, M.G. 2011. Comprehensive proteomic analysis of influenza virus polymerase complex reveals a novel association with mitochondrial proteins and RNA polymerase accessory factors. J. Virol. 85: 8569-8581.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

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