SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

RPA16 (V-18): sc-17689



BACKGROUND

RNA polymerases transcribe nuclear genes for ribosomal RNA, thus representing ribosomal biogenesis. RNA polymerase I (Pol I) is located in the nucleolus and transcribes class I genes, which code for large ribosomal RNA. Different subunits of the Pol I transcription machinery are targets of various physiological stimuli, which suggests that multiple signaling pathways are involved in carrying out Pol I transcription. RPA16, RPA40 and RPA135 are subunits of Pol I that associate with each other at an early stage of RNA Pol I assembly. RPA40 is essential for the function and integrity of the complex and is also an essential subunit of RNA polymerase III (Pol III).

REFERENCES

- 1. Nogi, Y., et al. 1991. An approach for isolation of mutants defective in 35S ribosomal RNA synthesis in Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 16: 7026-7030.
- 2. Yao, Y., et al. 1996. Mouse RNA polymerase I 16 kDa subunit able to associate with 40 kDa subunit is a homolog of yeast AC19 subunit of RNA polymerases I and III. J. Biol. Chem. 51: 32881-32885.
- 3. Seither, P., et al. 1997. Molecular cloning and characterization of the cDNA encoding the largest subunit of mouse RNA polymerase I. Mol. Gen. Genet. 2: 180-186.
- 4. Hoeger, H., et al. 1998. Deficient transcription of subunit RPA 40 of RNA polymerase I and III in heart of rats with neonatal asphyxia. Life Sci. 4: 275-282.
- 5. Grummt, I. 1999. Regulation of mammalian ribosomal gene transcription by RNA polymerase I. Prog. Nucleic Acid Res. Mol. Biol. 62: 109-154.
- 6. Chen, H.K., et al. 1999. Human Nopp140, which interacts with RNA polymerase I: implications for rRNA gene transcription and nucleolar structural organization. Mol. Cell. Biol. 12: 8536-8546.
- 7. Mosgoeller, W., et al. 2000. Brain RNA polymerase and nucleolar structure in perinatal asphyxia of the rat. Exp. Neurol. 1: 174-182.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: POLR1D (human) mapping to 13q12.2; Polr1d (mouse) mapping to 5 G3.

SOURCE

RPA16 (V-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of RPA16 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-17689 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

RPA16 (V-18) is recommended for detection of RPA16 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RPA16 (V-18) is also recommended for detection of RPA16 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for RPA16 siRNA (h): sc-38240, RPA16 siRNA (m): sc-38241, RPA16 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38240-SH, RPA16 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38241-SH, RPA16 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38240-V and RPA16 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38241-V.

Molecular Weight of RPA16: 15 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Try RPA16 (2774C3a): sc-81636, our highly Satisfation recommended monoclonal alternative to RPA16 (V-18). Guaranteed