SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

CaMKIV (C-7): sc-17762



BACKGROUND

The Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent protein kinases (CaM kinases) comprise a structurally related subfamily of serine/threonine kinases which include CaMKI, CaMKII and CaMKIV. CaMKII is an ubiquitously expressed serine/ threonine protein kinase that is activated by Ca²⁺ and calmodulin (CaM) and has been implicated in regulation of the cell cycle and transcription. There are four CaMKII isozymes designated α , β , γ and δ , which may or may not be coexpressed in the same tissue type. CaMKIV is stimulated by Ca²⁺ and CaM but also requires phosphorylation by a CaMK for full activation. Stimulation of the T cell receptor CD3 signaling complex with an anti-CD3 monoclonal antibody leads to a 10-40 fold increase in CaMKIV activity. An additional kinase, CaMKK, functions to activate CaMKI through the specific phosphorylation of the regulatory threonine residue at position 177.

REFERENCES

- 1. Tombes, R.M., et al. 1995. G₁ cell cycle arrest apoptosis are induced in NIH 3T3 cells by KN-93, an inhibitor of CaMK-II (the multifunctional Ca²⁺/CaM kinase). Cell Growth Differ. 6: 1063-1070.
- Hama, N., et al. 1995. Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase II downregulates both calcineurin and protein kinase C-mediated pathways for cytokine gene transcription in human T cells. J. Exp. Med. 181: 1217-1222.
- 3. Baltas, L.G., et al. 1995. The cardiac sarcoplasmic reticulum phospholamban kinase is a distinct δ -CaM kinase isozyme. FEBS Lett. 373: 71-75.
- Tokumitsu, H., et al. 1995. Characterization of a CaM-kinase cascade: molecular cloning and expression of calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase kinase. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 19320-19324.
- Park, I.K., et al. 1995. Activation of Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase (CaM-kinase) IV by CaM-kinase kinase in Jurkat T lymphocytes. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 30464-30469.
- Tashima, K., et al. 1996. Overexpression of Ca²⁺/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase II inhibits neurite outgrowth of PC12 cells. J. Neurochem. 66: 57-64.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CAMK4 (human) mapping to 5q22.1.

SOURCE

CaMKIV (C-7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 328-473 of CaMKIV of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_{2b} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

CaMKIV (C-7) is recommended for detection of CaMKIV of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1,000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CaMKIV siRNA (h): sc-29902, CaMKIV shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29902-SH and CaMKIV shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29902-V.

Molecular Weight of CaMKIV: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA





CaMKIV (C-7): sc-17762. Western blot analysis of CaMKIV expression in Jurkat $({\bm A})$ and Ramos $({\bm B})$ whole cell lysates.

CaMKIV (C-7): sc-17762. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cerebellum tissue showing nuclear staining of cells in granular and molecular layers. Kindly provided by The Swedish Human Protein Atlas (HPA) program (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffinembedded human cerebral cortex tissue showing nuclear staining of neuronal cells and glial cells (B).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.