

KIR2DL1 (T-20): sc-17957

BACKGROUND

NKAT (NK-associated transcripts) gene products, known as killer immunoglobulin-like receptors or KIRs, downregulate the cytotoxicity of NK cells upon recognition of specific class I major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules on target cells. This family of receptors is characterized by an extracellular region with two to three immunoglobulin-superfamily domains and a cytoplasmic domain with an antigen receptor activation motif (ARAM). KIRs and other inhibitory receptors also possess a common cytoplasmic sequence (I/VxYxxL/V) known as an ITIM (immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif). The human inhibitory human killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor 2DL1, also designated KIR2DL1, CL-42, NKAT1, P58.1, or CD158 α -long form, is a 348 amino acid type I transmembrane protein. KIR2DL1 can bind human leukocyte antigen-C (HLA-C) via both polar and hydrophobic interactions through Met-44 in a binding pocket that coordinates Lys-80 of HLA-C.

REFERENCES

- Colonna, M. and Samaridis, J. 1995. Cloning of immunoglobulin-superfamily members associated with HLA-C and HLA-B recognition by human natural killer cells. *Science* 268: 405-408.
- Katz, G., Markel, G., Mizrahi, S., Arnon, T.I., and Mandelboim, O. 2001. Recognition of HLA-Cw4 but not HLA-Cw6 by the NK cell receptor killer cell Ig-like receptor two-domain short tail number 4. *J. Immunol.* 166: 7260-7267.
- Fan, Q.R., Long, E.O. and Wiley, D.C. 2001. Crystal structure of the human natural killer cell inhibitory receptor KIR2DL1-HLA-Cw4 complex. *Nat. Immunol.* 2: 452-460.
- Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM (TM). Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 604936; 10/03/2001; World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
- LocusLink Report (LocusID: 3802). <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/LocusLink/>

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KIR2DL1 (human) mapping to 19q13.4.

SOURCE

KIR2DL1 (T-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of KIR2DL1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-17957 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

KIR2DL1 (T-20) is recommended for detection of a broad range of KIR family members of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1–2 μ g per 100–500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

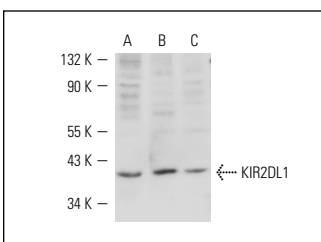
Molecular Weight of KIR2DL1: 36 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

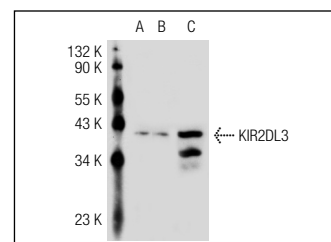
RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



KIR2DL1 (T-20): sc-17957. Western blot analysis of KIR2DL1 expression in JM1 (A), HeLa (B) and Jurkat (C) whole cell lysates.



KIR2DL1 (T-20): sc-17957. Western blot analysis of KIR2DL3 expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (A), human KIR2DL3 transfected 293T: sc-114925 (B) and HeLa (C) whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Pallandre, J.R., Krzewski, K., Bedel, R., Ryyffel, B., Caignard, A., Rohrlch, P.S., Pivot, X., Tiberghien, P., Zitvogel, L., Strominger, J.L. and Borg, C. 2008. Dendritic cell and natural killer cell cross-talk: a pivotal role of CX3CL1 in NK cytoskeleton organization and activation. *Blood* 112: 4420-4424.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.