SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Factor XIII B (I-20): sc-18015



BACKGROUND

Hemostasis following tissue injury involves the deployment of essential plasma procoagulants (prothrombin, and factors X, IX, V and VIII), which are involved in a blood coagulation cascade leading to the formation of insoluble fibrin clots and the promotion of platelet aggregation. Coagulation Factor VII (serum prothrombin conversion accelerator, proconvertin, F7, Factor VII) is a 406 amino acid, vitamin K-dependent, single chain serine protease that is synthesized in the liver and circulates as an inactive precursor. Factor IXa, Factor Xa, Factor XIIa, or thrombin mediated proteolytic cleavage of Factor VII at Arg152-Ile153 generates Factor VIIa, an active serine protease composed of a catalytic heavy chain disulfide linked to a light chain, containing 2 EGF-like domains. Coagulation Factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the noncatalytic B subunits may serve as plasma carrier molecules.

REFERENCES

- Davie, E.W., et al. 1975. Basic mechanisms in blood coagulation. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 44: 799-829.
- 2. Hagen, F.S., et al. 1986. Characterization of a cDNA coding for human factor VII. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83: 2412-2416.
- O'Hara, P.J., et al. 1987. Nucleotide sequence of the gene coding for human Factor VII, a vitamin K-dependent protein participating in blood coagulation. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84: 5158-5162.
- 4. Chambers, R.C., et al. 2000. Thrombin is a potent inducer of connective tissue growth factor production via proteolytic activation of protease-activated receptor-1. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 35584-35591.
- 5. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2001. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 227500. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- 6. LocusLink Report (LocusID: 2162). http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/LocusLink/

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: F13B (human) mapping to 1q31.3; F13b (mouse) mapping to 1 F.

SOURCE

Factor XIII B (I-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Factor XIII B of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-18015 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Factor XIII B (I-20) is recommended for detection of Factor XIII B of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Factor XIII B (I-20) is also recommended for detection of Factor XIII B in additional species, including canine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Factor XIII B siRNA (h): sc-40407, Factor XIII B siRNA (m): sc-40408, Factor XIII B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40407-SH, Factor XIII B shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40408-SH, Factor XIII B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40407-V and Factor XIII B shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40408-V.

Molecular Weight of Factor XIII B: 76 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.