

p-c-Kit (Tyr 568/570): sc-18076

BACKGROUND

The c-Kit proto-oncogene has been identified as a member of the receptor tyrosine kinase family and more specifically has been shown to be closely related to the platelet derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR). c-Kit, the normal cellular homolog of the HZ4-feline sarcoma virus transforming gene v-Kit, encodes a transmembrane receptor. c-Kit has also been shown to be identical with the product of the *W* locus in mice and as such is integral to the development of mast cells and hematopoiesis. The ligand for the c-Kit receptor (KL) has been identified and shown to be encoded at the murine steel (*Sl*) locus. Two sites on c-Kit are able to bind SH2(CHK), the Tyr 568/570 diphosphorylated sequence and the monophosphorylated Tyr 721 sequence. The Tyr 568 and Tyr 570 residues are phosphorylated *in vivo* following ligand-stimulation.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KIT (human) mapping to 4q12; Kit (mouse) mapping to 5 C3.3.

SOURCE

p-c-Kit (Tyr 568/570) is available as either goat (sc-18076) or rabbit (sc-18076-R) affinity purified polyclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing dually Tyr 568 and Tyr 570 phosphorylated c-Kit of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-18076 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

p-c-Kit (Tyr 568/570) is recommended for detection of Tyr 568 and Tyr 570 dually phosphorylated c-Kit of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

p-c-Kit (Tyr 568/570) is also recommended for detection of correspondingly phosphorylated c-Kit in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for c-Kit siRNA (h): sc-29225, c-Kit siRNA (m): sc-29852, c-Kit shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29225-SH, c-Kit shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29852-SH, c-Kit shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29225-V and c-Kit shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29852-V.

Molecular weight of p-c-Kit precursor: 120 kDa.

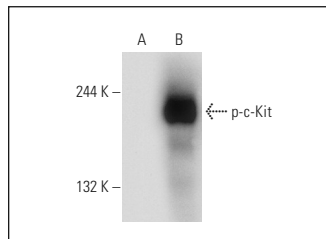
Molecular weight of mature glycosylated p-c-Kit: 145 kDa.

Positive Controls: A-431 + EGF whole cell lysate: sc-2202 or A-431 whole cell lysate: sc-2201.

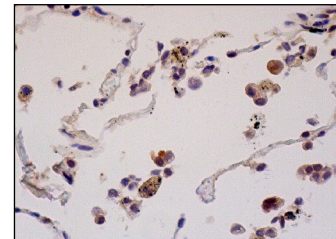
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA



p-c-Kit (Tyr 568/570)-R: sc-18076-R. Western blot analysis of c-Kit phosphorylation in untreated (A) and EGF treated (B) A-431 whole cell lysates.



p-c-Kit (Tyr 568/570)-R: sc-18076-R. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human lung tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of macrophages.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Basciani, S., et al. 2005. Imatinib mesylate inhibits Leydig cell tumor growth: evidence for *in vitro* and *in vivo* activity. *Cancer Res.* 65: 1897-1903.
2. Samayawardhena, L.A., et al. 2008. Protein-tyrosine phosphatase α regulates stem cell factor-dependent c-Kit activation and migration of mast cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 283: 29175-29185.
3. Weise, J.M., et al. 2009. Differential regulation of human and mouse telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT) promoter activity during testis development. *Mol. Reprod. Dev.* 76: 309-317.
4. Krasagakis, K., et al. 2011. KIT receptor activation by autocrine and paracrine stem cell factor stimulates growth of merkel cell carcinoma *in vitro*. *J. Cell. Physiol.* 226: 1099-1109.
5. Yao, K. and Ge, W. 2013. Spatial distribution and receptor specificity of zebrafish Kit system—evidence for a Kit-mediated bi-directional communication system in the preovulatory ovarian follicle. *PLoS ONE* 8: e56192.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.