

BUB1 (N-20): sc-18286

BACKGROUND

Human cells contain two related protein kinases, BUB1 and BUBR1, that appear to have evolved from a single ancestral BUB1 gene. Both kinases are concentrated near the surface of the kinetochore where they monitor kinetochore-microtubule interactions. BUB1 and BUBR1 bind to kinetochores and are postulated to be components of the mitotic checkpoint, which monitors kinetochore activities to determine if chromosomes have achieved alignment at the spindle equator. BUBR1 is essential for normal mitotic progression as it prevents cells from prematurely entering anaphase. BUB3 is a conserved component of the mitotic spindle assembly complex and is also involved with the essential spindle checkpoint pathway that operates during early embryogenesis.

REFERENCES

1. Donadelli, R., et al. 1998. Identification of a novel gene—SSK1—in human endothelial cells exposed to shear stress. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 246: 881-887.
2. Jablonski, S.A., et al. 1998. The hBUB1 and hBUBR1 kinases sequentially assemble onto kinetochores during prophase with hBUBR1 concentrating at the kinetochore plates in mitosis. *Chromosoma* 107: 386-396.
3. Chan, G.K., et al. 1999. Human BUBR1 is a mitotic checkpoint kinase that monitors CENP-E functions at kinetochores and binds the cyclosome/APC. *J. Cell Biol.* 146: 941-954.
4. Li, W., et al. 1999. BUBR1 phosphorylation is regulated during mitotic checkpoint activation. *Cell Growth Differ.* 10: 769-775.
5. Abrieu, A., et al. 2000. CENP-E as an essential component of the mitotic checkpoint *in vitro*. *Cell* 102: 817-826.
6. Kalitsis, P., et al. 2000. BUB3 gene disruption in mice reveals essential mitotic spindle checkpoint function during early embryogenesis. *Genes Dev.* 18: 2277-2282.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: BUB1 (human) mapping to 2q13; Bub1 (mouse) mapping to 2 F1.

SOURCE

BUB1 (N-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of BUB1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-18286 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

BUB1 (N-20) is recommended for detection of BUB1 of human and, to a lesser extent, mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

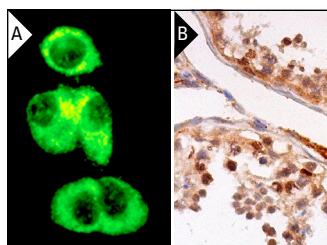
BUB1 (N-20) is also recommended for detection of BUB1 in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for BUB1 siRNA (h): sc-37538, BUB1 siRNA (m): sc-37539, BUB1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37538-SH, BUB1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37539-SH, BUB1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37538-V and BUB1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37539-V.

Molecular Weight of BUB1: 110-150 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, HeLa + nocodazole cell lysate: sc-2274 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

DATA



BUB1 (N-20): sc-18286. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/3T3 cells showing cytoplasmic localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human testis tissue showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining of cells in seminiferous ducts (B).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.


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Try **BUB1 (B-3): sc-365685** or **BUB1 (14H5): sc-47743**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to BUB1 (N-20).