

p-PKC δ (Tyr 52): sc-18362

BACKGROUND

Members of the protein kinase C (PKC) family play a key regulatory role in a variety of cellular functions, including cell growth and differentiation, gene expression, hormone secretion and membrane function. PKCs were originally identified as serine/threonine protein kinases whose activity was dependent on calcium and phospholipids. Diacylglycerols (DAG) and tumor promoting phorbol esters bind to and activate PKC. PKCs can be subdivided into at least two major classes, including conventional (c) PKC isoforms (α , β I, β II and γ) and novel (n) PKC isoforms (δ , ϵ , ζ , η and θ). PKC isoforms can be activated through tyrosine phosphorylation and catalytically activated upon treatment with H_2O_2 . The Tyr 155, 525, 523 and 565 residues in the catalytic domain are crucial for activation of these enzymes. The residue Ser 643 appears to be an autophosphorylation site.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PRKCD (human) mapping to 3p21.1; Prkcd (mouse) mapping to 14 B.

SOURCE

p-PKC δ (Tyr 52) is available as either goat (sc-18362) or rabbit (sc-18362-R) polyclonal affinity purified antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing Tyr 52 phosphorylated PKC δ of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-18362 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

p-PKC δ (Tyr 52) is recommended for detection of Tyr 52 phosphorylated PKC δ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

p-PKC δ (Tyr 52) is also recommended for detection of correspondingly phosphorylated PKC δ in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PKC δ siRNA (h): sc-36253, PKC δ siRNA (m): sc-36246, PKC δ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36253-SH, PKC δ shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36246-SH, PKC δ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36253-V and PKC δ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36246-V.

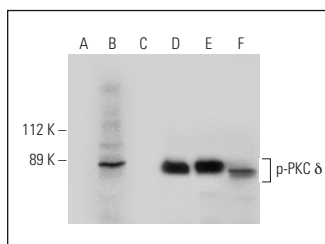
Molecular Weight of p-PKC δ : 78 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, HeLa + PMA cell lysate: sc-2258 or RAW 264.7 whole cell lysate: sc-2211.

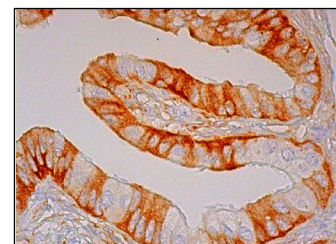
RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: for goat primary antibody (sc-18362): use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), for rabbit primary antibody (sc-18362-R): use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto B Blocking Reagent: sc-2335 (use 50 mM NaF, sc-24988, as diluent), Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048 and Lambda Phosphatase: sc-200312A. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: for goat primary antibody (sc-18362): use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941, for rabbit primary antibody (sc-18362-R): use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immunohistochemistry: for goat primary antibody (sc-18362): use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2053 or ABC: sc-2023 goat IgG Staining Systems, for rabbit primary antibody (sc-18362-R): use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2051 or ABC: sc-2018 rabbit IgG Staining Systems.

DATA



Western blot analysis of PKC δ phosphorylation in untreated (A, D), pervanadate treated (B, E) and pervanadate and lambda protein phosphatase (sc-200312A) treated (C, F) A-431 whole cell lysates. Antibodies tested include p-PKC δ (Tyr 52)-R: sc-18362-R (A, B, C) and PKC δ (C-20): sc-937 (D, E, F).



p-PKC δ (Tyr 52): sc-18362. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human fallopian tube tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Okhrimenko, H., et al. 2005. Roles of tyrosine phosphorylation and cleavage of protein kinase C in its protective effect against tumor necrosis factor-related apoptosis inducing ligand-induced apoptosis. *J. Biol. Chem.* 280: 23643-23652.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.