BACKGROUND
Members of the PIK (phosphatidylinositol kinase)-related kinase family are high molecular weight kinases involved in cell cycle progression, DNA recombination and detection of DNA damage. One member of the PI3-/PI4-kinase family is ATR (ataxia-telangiectasia- and Rad3-related), also known as FRP1 (for FRAP-related protein 1). ATR is most closely related to ATM, a protein kinase encoded by the gene mutated in ataxia-telangiectasia. ATR is also closely related to three of the family members involved in checkpoint function: Mei-41 (Drosophila), Mec1p (S. cerevisiae) and Rad3 (Schizosaccharomyces pombe), and as such may be the functional human counterpart of these proteins. This kinase has been shown to phosphorylate checkpoint kinase CHK1, checkpoint proteins Rad17 and Rad9, as well as tumor suppressor protein BRCA1. In addition, ATR is essential for early embryonic development. The protein encoded by the human ATR gene localizes to intranuclear foci after DNA damage or inhibition of replication.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION
Genetic locus: ATR (human) mapping to 3q23.

SOURCE
ATR (C-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of ATR of human origin.

PRODUCT
Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-1888 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE
Store at 4°C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE
For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS
ATR (C-19) is recommended for detection of ATR of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation (1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

ATR (C-19) is also recommended for detection of ATR in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for ATR siRNA (h): sc-29763, ATR shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29763-SH and ATR shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29763-V.

Molecular Weight of ATR: 250 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate; sc-2200, A-431 whole cell lysate; sc-2201 or Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS
To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

PROTOCOLS
See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfaction Guaranteed
Try ATR (C-1): sc-515173, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to ATR (C-19). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor® 488 and Alexa Fluor® 647 conjugates, see ATR (C-1): sc-515173.