

# CD7 (M-T701): sc-19645

## BACKGROUND

CD7 (also designated T cell leukemia antigen) is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that is expressed on pluripotential hemopoietic cells, most human thymocytes and some peripheral blood T cells. CD7 is a marker for pluripotential stem cell leukemias and T cell acute lymphocytic leukemia. A role for CD7 in the activation of T cells with  $\gamma/\delta$  receptors has been suggested. CD8 T cells from patients infected with HIV-1 displayed profound down-modulation of CD7 expression as compared with healthy subjects. CD7 is among the pan-T-cell antigens down-regulated in acute infectious mononucleosis.

## REFERENCES

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- Barcena, A., et al. 1995. Tracing the expression of CD7 and other antigens during T and myeloid cell differentiation in the human fetal liver and thymus. *Leuk. Lymphoma* 17: 1-11.
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- Leta, E., et al. 1995. Production and characterization of the extracellular domain of human CD7 antigen: further evidence that CD7 has a role in T cell signaling. *Cell. Immunol.* 165: 101-109.
- Ward, S.G., et al. 1995. Antibody ligation of CD7 leads to association with phosphoinositide 3-kinase and phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-triphosphate formation in T lymphocytes. *Eur. J. Immunol.* 25: 502-507.
- Weisberger, J., et al. 2003. Down-regulation of pan-T-cell antigens, particularly CD7, in acute infectious mononucleosis. *Am. J. Clin. Pathol.* 120: 49-55.
- Tiftik, N., et al. 2004. The importance of CD7 and CD56 antigens in acute leukaemias. *Int. J. Clin. Pract.* 58: 149-152.
- Aandahl, E.M., et al. 2004. Expansion of CD7<sup>low</sup> and CD7<sup>negative</sup> CD8 T cell effector subsets in HIV-1 infection: correlation with antigenic load and reversion by antiretroviral treatment. *Blood* 104: 3672-3678.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CD7 (human) mapping to 17q25.3.

## SOURCE

CD7 (M-T701) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised by immunizing mice with P-CLL and Jurkat cells of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

CD7 (M-T701) is available conjugated to either phycoerythrin (sc-19645 PE) or fluorescein (sc-19645 FITC), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

## APPLICATIONS

CD7 (M-T701) is recommended for detection of CD7 of human origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1  $\mu$ g per  $1 \times 10^6$  cells).

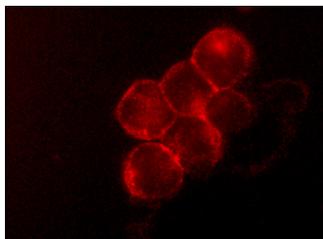
Suitable for use as control antibody for CD7 siRNA (h): sc-35021, CD7 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35021-SH and CD7 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35021-V.

Molecular Weight of CD7: 40 kDa.

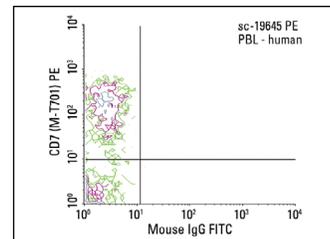
## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:  
1) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA



CD7 (M-T701): sc-19645. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Jurkat cells showing membrane localization.



CD7 (M-T710) PE: sc-19645 PE. FCM analysis of human peripheral blood leukocytes. Quadrant markers were set based on the isotype control, normal mouse IgG<sub>1</sub>-PE: sc-2866.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.