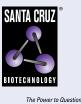
SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

p-NF-H (7H11): sc-20015



BACKGROUND

Neurofilament-H (for neurofilament heavy polypeptide, or NF-H), a member of the intermediate filament family, is a major component of neuronal cytoskeletons. Neurofilaments are dynamic structures; they contain phosphorylation sites for a large number of protein kinases, including protein kinase A, protein kinase C, cyclin-dependent kinase 5, extracellular signal regulated kinase, glycogen synthase kinase-3, and stress-activated protein kinase γ . In addition to their role in the control of axon caliber, neurofilaments may affect other cytoskeletal elements, such as microtubules and Actin filaments. Changes in neurofilament phosphorylation or metabolism are frequently observed in neurodegenerative diseases, including amotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Parkinson's disease, and Alzheimer's disease.

REFERENCES

- 1. Mattei, M.G., et al. 1988. The gene encoding the large human neurofilament subunit (NF-H) maps to the q121-q131 region on human chromosome 22. Hum. Genet. 80: 293-295.
- 2. Angelides, K.J., et al. 1989. Assembly and exchange of intermediate filament proteins of neurons: neurofilaments are dynamic structures. J. Cell Biol. 108: 1495-1506.
- 3. Sihag, R.K., et al. 1989. In vivo phosphorylation of distinct domains of the 70 kilodalton neurofilament subunit involves different protein kinases. J. Biol. Chem. 264: 457-464.
- 4. Hisanaga, S., et al. 1990. Effects of phosphorylation of the neurofilament L protein on filamentous structures. Cell Regul. 1: 237-248.
- 5. Gonda, Y., et al. 1990. Involvement of protein kinase C in the regulation of assembly-disassembly of neurofilaments in vitro. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 167: 1316-1325.
- 6. Lukas, Z., et al. 1993. Expression of phosphorylated high molecular weight neurofilament protein (NF-H) and Vimentin in human developing dorsal root ganglia and spinal cord. Histochemistry 100: 495-502.
- 7. Nakamura, Y., et al. 1997. Abnormal distribution of neurofilament L in neurons with Alzheimer's disease. Neurosci. Lett. 225: 201-204.
- 8. Nakamura, Y., et al. 1999. Casein kinase II is responsible for phosphorylation of NF-L at Ser-473. FEBS Lett. 455: 83-86.
- 9. Cunningham, C., et al. 2005. Central and systemic endotoxin challenges exacerbate the local inflammatory response and increase neuronal death during chronic neurodegeneration. J. Neurosci. 25: 9275-9284.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NEFH (human) mapping to 22q12.2; Nefh (mouse) mapping to 11 A1.

SOURCE

p-NF-H (7H11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant full length NF-H.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgM in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

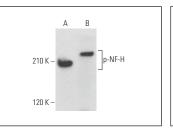
p-NF-H (7H11) is recommended for detection of phosphorylated NF-H of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

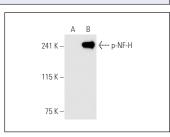
Suitable for use as control antibody for NF-H siRNA (h): sc-42068, NF-H siRNA (m): sc-42069, NF-H shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42068-SH, NF-H shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42069-SH, NF-H shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42068-V and NF-H shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42069-V.

Molecular Weight of p-NF-H: 200 kDa.

Positive Controls: NF-H (h): 293T Lysate: sc-111457, rat brain extract: sc-2392 or mouse cerebellum extract: sc-2403.

DATA





p-NF-H (7H11): sc-20015. Western blot analysis of NF-H phosphorylation in rat brain (A) and mouse cerebellum (B) tissue extracts

p-NF-H (7H11): sc-20015. Western blot analysis of NF-H phosphorylation in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human NF-H transfected: sc-111457 (B) 293T whole cell lysates

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Lorenzen, K., et al. 2021. Microglia induce neurogenic protein expression in primary cortical cells by stimulating PI3K/AKT intracellular signaling in vitro. Mol. Biol. Rep. 48: 563-584.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C. **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.