## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Wnt-15 (H-94): sc-20963



The Power to Question

#### BACKGROUND

The Wnt genes encode a family of secreted extracellular signaling glycoproteins, which function in a variety of important developmental processes such as regulation of cell growth and differentiation. Wnt proteins also play roles in carcinogenesis. Wnt-14 rather than Wnt-15 is preferentially expressed in various types of human cancer and is up-regulated by IFN<sub> $\gamma$ </sub>, but not by TNF $\alpha$ in cells derived from gastric cancer. Wnt-15 is expressed in fetal and adult kidney and is most homologous to Wnt-14. Wnt-16, another member in the Wnt family, has two mRNA isoforms, Wnt-16a and Wnt-16b. These isoforms differ in the composition of their 5'UTR and first exon, which results in differential expression. Wnt-16a is expressed only on the pancreas, whereas Wnt-16b is highly expressed in adult kidney, placenta, brain, heart and spleen, but not in bone marrow. However, Wnt-16 transcripts are present in bone marrow and cell lines derived from pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemias patients carrying the E2A-Pbx1 hybrid gene. Thus, Wnt-16 is a downstream target of E2A-Pbx1, and the Wnt-16-mediated autocrine growth mechanism may contribute to the development of t(1;19) pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemias.

## REFERENCES

- Bergstein, I., et al. 1997. Isolation of two novel Wnt genes, Wnt-14 and Wnt15, one of which (Wnt15) is closely linked to Wnt3 on human chromosome 17q21. Genomics 46: 450-458.
- McWhirter, J.R., et al. 1999. Oncogenic homeodomain transcription factor E2A-Pbx1 activates a novel Wnt gene in pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemia. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 11464-11469.
- Fear, M.W., et al. 2000. Wnt-16a, a novel Wnt-16 isoform, which shows differential expression in adult human tissues. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm. 278: 814-820.
- 4. Kirikoshi, H., et al. 2001. Expression of Wnt-14 and Wnt-14b mRNAs in human cancer, up-regulation of Wnt-14 by IFN<sub>Y</sub> and up-regulation of Wnt-14b by  $\beta$ -estradiol. Int. J. Oncol. 19: 1221-1225.
- Kirikoshi, H., et al. 2001. Molecular cloning and characterization of Wnt-14b, a novel member of the Wnt gene family. Int. J. Oncol. 19: 947-952.

#### SOURCE

Wnt-15 (H-94) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 216-335 of Wnt-15 of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Wnt-15 (H-94) is recommended for detection of Wnt-15 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1–2  $\mu$ g per 100–500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

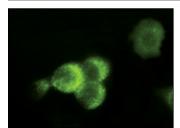
Wnt-15 (H-94) is also recommended for detection of Wnt-15 in additional species, including equine, canine and bovine.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/ 2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### DATA



Wnt-15 (H-94): sc-20963. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/3T3 cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.