myocilin (H-130): sc-20976



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Myocilin is an extracellular protein expressed in the eye, including the retina, trabecular meshwork and ciliary body. Myocilin can form homomultimers *in vivo* and can also associate with components of the ECM via interactions with the Hep II domain of Fibronectin. In addition, myocilin interacts with myosin regulatory light chain, a component of the myosin motor protein complex. This interaction implies a role for myocilin in the actomyosin system, linking myocilin to the functional status of the trabecular meshworkTM, which is responsible for controlling the intraocular pressure (IOP). Alterations in functions of the TM may lead to IOP elevation and development of glaucoma, a major cause of blindness. Myocilin is encoded by MYOC (also designated TIGR), a gene that maps to the GLC1A locus on chromosome 1q24.3 and is susceptible to mutations. Mutations in the MYOC gene are specifically linked with primary open angle glaucoma (POAG), a blinding disease characterized by progressive loss of retinal ganglion cells.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MYOC (human) mapping to 1q24.3; Myoc (mouse) mapping to 1 H2.1.

SOURCE

myocilin (H-130) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 240-370 mapping within an internal region of myocilin of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

myocilin (H-130) is recommended for detection of myocilin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

myocilin (H-130) is also recommended for detection of myocilin in additional species, including equine, canine and bovine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for myocilin siRNA (h): sc-40753, myocilin siRNA (m): sc-40754, myocilin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40753-SH, myocilin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40754-SH, myocilin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40753-V and myocilin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40754-V.

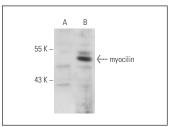
Molecular Weight of myocilin: 57 kDa.

Positive Controls: myocilin (h): 293T Lysate: sc-114465.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



myocilin (H-130): sc-20976. Western blot analysis of myocilin expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human myocilin transfected: sc-114465 (B) 293T whole cell I wsates

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Samuelson, D.A, et al. 2005. Myocilin localization in the canine eye by light, confocal and electron microscopy. Microsc. Microanal. 11: 663-667.
- Gruber, H.E., et al. 2006. Cellular immunohistochemical localization of the matricellular protein myocilin in the intervertebral disc. Biotech. Histochem. 81: 119-124.
- Mackay, E.O., et al. 2008. Aqueous humor myocilin protein levels in normal, genetic carriers, and glaucoma beagles. Vet. Ophthalmol. 11: 177-185.
- 4. Du, Y., et al. 2012. Multipotent stem cells from trabecular meshwork become phagocytic TM cells. Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 53: 1566-1575.
- 5. Hill, S.E., et al. 2015. Molecular details of olfactomedin domains provide pathway to atructure-function studies. PLoS ONE 10: e0130888.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Try myocilin (F-12): sc-137233 or myocilin (C-1): sc-515500, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to myocilin (H-130).