# Integrin $\alpha$ IIb/ $\beta$ 3 (A2A9/6): sc-21783



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Integrins are heterodimers composed of noncovalently associated transmembrane  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  subunits. The 16  $\alpha$  and 8  $\beta$  subunits heterodimerize to produce more than 20 different receptors. Most integrin receptors bind ligands that are components of the extracellular matrix, including fibronectin, collagen and vitronectin. Certain integrins can also bind to soluble ligands such as fibrinogen, or to counterreceptors on adjacent cells such as the intracellular adhesion molecules (ICAMs), leading to aggregation of cells. Ligands serve to cross-link or cluster integrins by binding to adjacent integrin receptors; both receptor clustering and ligand occupancy are necessary for the activation of integrin-mediated responses. In addition to mediating cell adhesion and cytoskeletal organization, integrins function as signaling receptors. Signals transduced by integrins play a role in many biological processes, including cell growth, differentiation, migration and apoptosis.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ITGB3 (human) mapping to 17q21.32, ITGA2B (human) mapping to 17q21.31.

#### **SOURCE**

Integrin  $\alpha$ Ilb/ $\beta$ 3 (A2A9/6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against normal human platelets.

### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g lgG<sub>2a</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin. Also available azide-free for inhibition of platelet aggregation, sc-21783 L, 200  $\mu$ g/0.1 ml.

Integrin  $\alpha$ IIb/ $\beta$ 3 (A 2A9/6) is available conjugated to either phycoerythrin (sc-21783 PE) or fluorescein (sc-21783 FITC), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Integrin  $\alpha$ IIb/ $\beta$ 3 (A2A9/6) is recommended for detection of Integrin  $\alpha$ IIb/ $\beta$ 3 complex of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1  $\mu$ g per 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells).

Molecular Weight of Integrin αIIb: 136 kDa.

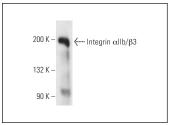
Molecular Weight of Integrin β3: 125 kDa.

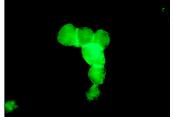
Positive Controls: HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270 or human platelet extract: sc-363773.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### DATA





Integrin  $\alpha$ IIb/ $\beta$ 3 (A2A9/6): sc-21783. Western blot analysis of Integrin  $\alpha$ IIb and  $\beta$ 3 expression in human platelet extract under non-reducing conditions.

Integrin  $\alpha$ Ilb/ $\beta$ 3 (A2A9/6): sc-21783. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed THP-1 cells showing membrane and cell junction localization.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Kurtz, L., et al. 2012. Integrin αIIb/β3 inside-out activation: an in situ conformational analysis reveals a new mechanism. J. Biol. Chem. 287: 23255-23265.
- 2. Yang, Y., et al. 2013. Implication of tumor stem-like cells in the tumorigenesis of sporadic paraganglioma. Med. Oncol. 30: 659.
- 3. Nanda, S.Y., et al. 2014. Vinculin regulates assembly of talin:  $\beta 3$  Integrin complexes. J. Cell. Biochem. 115: 1206-1216.
- Battram, A.M., et al. 2017. The phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (Pl(3,4,5)P<sub>3</sub>) binder Rasa3 regulates phosphoinositide 3-kinase (Pl3K)-dependent Integrin αllbβ3 outside-in signaling. J. Biol. Chem. 292: 1691-1704.
- van Dijk, J., et al. 2018. Microtubule polyglutamylation and acetylation drive microtubule dynamics critical for platelet formation. BMC Biol. 16: 116.
- 6. Bachsais, M., et al. 2020. CD154 inhibits death of T cells via a  $\it cis$  interaction with the  $\alpha 5 \beta 1$  Integrin. PLoS ONE 15: e0235753.
- Siman-Tov, R., et al. 2022. Elevated serum amyloid A levels contribute to increased platelet adhesion in COVID-19 patients. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 23: 14243.



See **Integrin αIIb (B-9): sc-365938** for Integrin αIIb antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.