



p-Bcl-2 (Ser 70)-R: sc-21864-R

BACKGROUND

Apoptosis defines a set of cascades which, when initiated, programs the cell to undergo lethal changes such as membrane blebbing, mitochondrial break down and DNA fragmentation. Bcl-2 is one among many key regulators of apoptosis which are essential for proper development, tissue homeostasis and protection against foreign pathogens. Human Bcl-2 is a 26 kDa, membrane-associated, anti-apoptotic oncoprotein that can promote cell survival through protein-protein interactions with other Bcl-2 related family members, such as the death suppressors Bcl-x_L, Mcl-1, Bcl-w and A1, or the death agonists Bax, Bak, Bik, Bad and BID. The anti-apoptotic function of Bcl-2 can also be regulated through proteolytic processing and phosphorylation. Bcl-2 may promote cell survival by interfering with the activation of the cytochrome c/Apaf-1 pathway through stabilization of the mitochondrial membrane. Mutations in the Bcl-2 gene can contribute to cancers where normal physiological cell death mechanisms are compromised by deregulation of the anti-apoptotic influence of Bcl-2.

REFERENCES

1. Kerr, J.F., Wyllie, A.H. and Currie, A.R. 1972. Apoptosis: a basic biological phenomenon with wide-ranging implications in tissue kinetics. *Br. J. Cancer* 26: 239-257.
2. Hockenbery, D., Nunez, G., Milliman, C., Schreiber, R.D. and Korsmeyer, S.J. 1990. Bcl-2 is an inner mitochondrial membrane protein that blocks programmed cell death. *Nature* 348: 334-336.
3. Alnemri, E.S., Robertson, N. M., Fernandes, T. F., Croce, C. M. and Litwack, G. 1992. Overexpressed full-length human Bcl-2 extends the survival of baculovirus-infected Sf9 insect cells. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 7295-7299.
4. Reed, J.C. 1994. Bcl-2 and the regulation of programmed cell death. *J. Cell Biol.* 124: 1-6.
5. Adams, J.M. and Cory, S. 1998. The Bcl-2 protein family: arbiters of cell survival. *Science* 281: 1322-1326.
6. Yang, J., Liu, X., Bhalla, K., Kim, C.N., Ibrado, A.M., Cai, J., Peng, T.I., Jones, D.P. and Wang, X. 1997. Prevention of apoptosis by Bcl-2: release of cytochrome c from mitochondria blocked. *Science* 275: 1129-1132.
7. Ojala, P.M., Yamamoto, K., Castanos-Velez, E., Biberfeld, P., Korsmeyer, S.J. and Makela, T.P. 2000. The apoptotic v-cyclin-CDK6 complex phosphorylates and inactivates Bcl-2. *Nat. Cell Biol.* 2: 819-825.
8. Huang, Z. 2000. Bcl-2 family proteins as targets for anticancer drug design. *Oncogene* 19: 6627-6631.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: BCL2 (human) mapping to 18q21.33; Bcl2 (mouse) mapping to 1 E2.1.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

SOURCE

p-Bcl-2 (Ser 70)-R is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing phosphorylated Ser 70 of Bcl-2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-21864 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

p-Bcl-2 (Ser 70)-R is recommended for detection of Ser 70 phosphorylated Bcl-2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Bcl-2 siRNA (h): sc-29214.

Molecular Weight of p-Bcl-2: 26 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto B Blocking Reagent: sc-2335 (use 50 mM NaF, sc-24988, as diluent) and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.