

## KV2.1 (K-16): sc-22379

### BACKGROUND

Voltage-gated K<sup>+</sup> channels in the plasma membrane control the repolarization and the frequency of action potentials in neurons, muscles, and other excitable cells. The KV gene family encodes more than 30 genes that comprise the subunits of the K<sup>+</sup> channels, and they vary in their gating and permeation properties, subcellular distribution, and expression patterns. Functional KV channels assemble as tetramers consisting of pore-forming  $\alpha$ -subunits (KV), which include the KV1, KV2, KV3, and KV4 proteins, and accessory or KV-subunits that modify the gating properties of the coexpressed KV subunits. Differences exist in the patterns of trafficking, biosynthetic processing, and surface expression of the major KV-subunits. The KV pore mediates the voltage-dependent potassium ion permeability of excitable membranes.

### REFERENCES

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- Veh, R.W., et al. 1995. Immunohistochemical localization of five members of the Kv1 channel subunits: contrasting subcellular locations and neuron-specific co-localizations in rat brain. *Eur. J. Neurosci.* 7: 2189-2205.
- Shi, G., et al. 1996. Beta subunits promote K<sup>+</sup> channel surface expression through effects early in biosynthesis. *Neuron* 16: 843-852.
- Rhodes, K.J., et al. 1997. Association and colocalization of the Kv $\beta$ 1 and Kv $\beta$ 2  $\beta$ -subunits with KV1  $\alpha$ -subunits in mammalian brain K<sup>+</sup> channel complexes. *J. Neurosci.* 17: 8246-8258.
- Coleman, S.K., et al. 1999. Subunit composition of Kv1 channels in human CNS. *J. Neurochem.* 73: 849-858.
- Manganas, L.N., et al. 2000. Subunit composition determines Kv1 potassium channel surface expression. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 29685-29693.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: KCNB1 (human) mapping to 20q13.13; Kcnb1 (mouse) mapping to 2 H3.

### SOURCE

KV2.1 (K-16) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of KV2.1 of human origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-22379 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### APPLICATIONS

KV2.1 (K-16) is recommended for detection of KV2.1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

KV2.1 (K-16) is also recommended for detection of KV2.1 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for KV2.1 siRNA (h): sc-43885, KV2.1 siRNA (m): sc-146612, KV2.1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43885-SH, KV2.1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-146612-SH, KV2.1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43885-V and KV2.1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-146612-V.

Molecular Weight of KV2.1: 108/95 kDa.

### RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.