# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# PAF acetylhydrolase (G-18): sc-23021



## BACKGROUND

The Platelet Activating Factor (PAF) Acetylhydrolases catalyze hydrolysis of the sn-2 ester bond of PAF and related pro-inflammatory phospholipids and thus attenuate their bioactivity. The family of PAF Acetylhydrolases include one secreted plasma isozyme and four intracellular proteins. The intra-cellular isozymes are distinguished by differences in their primary sequence, tissue localization, subunit composition, and substrate preferences. The most thoroughly characterized intracellular isoform, lb, contains two homologous (63% identity) catalytic subunits ( $\alpha$ 1 and  $\alpha$ 2), which harbor all the enzyme's activity, and a regulatory  $\beta$  subunit. The  $\alpha$  subunits readily associate with very high affinity to form homodimers, and this dimerization is essential for both stability and catalytic activity. The b subunit is a product of the LIS1 gene, mutations of which cause Miller-Dieker lissencephaly.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Tjoelker, L.W. and Stafforini, D.M. 2000. Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolases in health and disease. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1488: 102-123.
- 2. McMullen, T.W., Li, J., Sheffield, P.J., Aoki, J., Martin, T.W., Arai, H., Inoue, K. and Derewenda, Z.S. 2000. The functional implications of the dimerization of the catalytic subunits of the mammalian brain platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase (lb). Protein Eng. 13: 865-871.
- 3. Kuijpers, T.W., van den Berg, J.M., Tool, A.T. and Roos, D. 2001. The impact of platelet-activating factor (PAF)-like mediators on the functional activity of neutrophils: anti-inflammatory effects of human PAF-acetylhydrolase. Clin. Exp. Immunol. 123: 412-420.
- 4. Goudevenos, J., Tselepis, A.D., Vini, M.P., Michalis, L., Tsoukatos, D.C., Elisaf, M., Ninio, E. and Sideris, D.A. 2001. Platelet-associated and secreted PAF-acetylhydrolase activity in patients with stable angina: sequential changes of the enzyme activity after angioplasty. Eur. J. Clin. Invest. 31: 15-23.
- 5. Quarck, R., De Geest, B., Stengel, D., Mertens, A., Lox, M., Theilmeier, G., Michiels, C., Raes, M., Bult, H., Collen, D., Van Veldhoven, P., Ninio, E. and Holvoet, P. 2001. Adenovirus-mediated gene transfer of human plateletactivating factor acetylhydrolase prevents injury-induced neointima formation and reduces spontaneous atherosclerosis in apolipoprotein E-deficient mice. Circulation 103: 2495-2500.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PLA2G7 (human) mapping to 6p12.3; Pla2g7 (mouse) mapping to 17 B3.

#### SOURCE

PAF acetylhydrolase (G-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of mature chain of PAF acetylhydrolase of human origin.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-23021 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

PAF acetylhydrolase (G-18) is recommended for detection of precursor and mature chain of PAF acetylhydrolase of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000). immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

PAF acetylhydrolase (G-18) is also recommended for detection of precursor and mature chain of PAF acetylhydrolase in additional species, including canine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PAF Acetylhydrolase siRNA (h): sc-39691, PAF acetylhydrolase siRNA (m): sc-39692, PAF Acetylhydrolase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39691-SH, PAF acetylhydrolase shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39692-SH, PAF Acetylhydrolase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39691-V and PAF acetylhydrolase shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39692-V.

Molecular Weight of PAF acetylhydrolase: 50 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.