Asf1 (yH-20): sc-23392



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

CIA, an interactor of the CCG1 histone acetyltransferase subunit of TFIID, is a human histone chaperone. The *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* orthologue Asf1 (anti-silencing function 1) is involved in DNA repair response. Asf1, when over-expressed, causes de-repression of silent loci. Asf1 (also known as Asf1p) interacts with Bdf1p (bromodomain factor 1), which serves as the missing bromodomain in yTAF(II)145. Cell death in *S. cerevisiae* occurs with a phenotype that largely resembles apoptosis in multicellular organisms, but also has some features of passive cell death (necrosis). Deletion of Asf1 inhibits the normal assembly/disassembly of nucleosomes in yeast and thereby initiates the active cell death system. Yeast CAF-I and Asf1 cooperate to form nucleosomes *in vitro*. *In vivo*, Asf1 and Hir proteins physically interact and together promote heterochromatic gene silencing in a manner requiring PCNA. Chromatin assembly factor I mutants defective for PCNA binding require Asf1/Hir proteins for silencing.

REFERENCES

- Yamaki, M., Umehara, T., Chimura, T. and Horikoshi, M. 2001. Cell death with predominant apoptotic features in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* mediated by deletion of the histone chaperone Asf1/CIA1. Genes Cells 6: 1043-1054.
- Sharp, J.A., Fouts, E.T., Krawitz, D.C. and Kaufman, P.D. 2001. Yeast histone deposition protein Asf1p requires Hir proteins and PCNA for heterochromatic silencing. Curr Biol.11: 463-473.
- Umehara, T., Chimura, T., Ichikawa, N. and Horikoshi, M. 2002. Polyanionic stretch-deleted histone chaperone cia1/Asf1p is functional both in vivo and in vitro. Genes Cells 7: 59-73.
- 4. Mello, J.A., Sillje, H.H., Roche, D.M., Kirschner, D.B., Nigg, E.A. and Almouzni, G. 2002. Human Asf1 and CAF-1 interact and synergize in a repair-coupled nucleosome assembly pathway. EMBO Rep. 3: 329-334.
- Chimura, T., Kuzuhara, T. and Horikoshi, M. 2002. Identification and characterization of CIA/Asf1 as an interactor of bromodomains associated with TFIID. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99: 9334-9339.
- 6. Krawitz, D.C., Kama, T. and Kaufman, P.D. 2002. Chromatin assembly factor I mutants defective for PCNA binding require Asf1/Hir proteins for silencing. Mol Cell Biol. 22: 614-625.

SOURCE

Asf1 (yH-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of Asf1 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-23392 P, (100 μg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

Asf1 (yH-20) is recommended for detection of Asf1 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com