HSF4a (A-17): sc-23720



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells respond to thermal and chemical stress by inducing a group of genes collectively designated heat shock genes. In eukaryotes, this gene expression is regulated primarily at the transcriptionlevel. Heat shock transcription factors (HSF, also designated HSTF) 1 and 2 are involved in this regulation. HSF1 and HSF2 are upregulated by estrogen, at both the mRNA and protein level. HSF1 is normally found as a monomer, whose transcriptional activity is repressed by constitutive phosphorylation. Upon activation, HSF1 forms trimers, gains DNA binding activity and is translocated to the nucleus. HSF2 activity is associated with differentiation and development, and, like HSF1, binds DNA as a trimer. HSF4 exists as two splice variants and is expressed in heart, brain and skeletal muscle as a homotrimer. HSF4a does not contain a DNA-binding domain and inhibits the formation of HSF1 nuclear bodies, thus repressing HSF1 mediated transcription. HSF4b does contain a DNA-binding domain and colocalizes with HSF1 nuclear bodies after heat shock. The gene encoding human HSF4 maps to chromosome 16q21.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HSF4 (human) mapping to 16q22.1; Hsf4 (mouse) mapping to 8 D3.

SOURCE

HSF4a (A-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of HSF4a of mouse origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin. Also available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-23720 X, 200 μg /0.1 ml.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-23720 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

HSF4a (A-17) is recommended for detection of HSF4a of mouse, rat and, to a lesser extent, human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for HSF4 siRNA (h): sc-37924, HSF4 siRNA (m): sc-37925, HSF4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37924-Sh, HSF4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37925-Sh, HSF4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37924-V and HSF4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37925-V.

HSF4a (A-17) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **HSF4 (A-12): sc-398645**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to HSF4a (A-17).

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