

Integrin $\alpha 1$ (TS2/7): sc-23942

BACKGROUND

Integrins are heterodimers composed of noncovalently associated transmembrane α and β subunits. The 16 α and 8 β subunits heterodimerize to produce more than 20 different receptors. Most integrin receptors bind ligands that are components of the extracellular matrix, including Fibronectin, Collagen and Vitronectin. Certain integrins can also bind to soluble ligands such as Fibrinogen, or to counterreceptors on adjacent cells such as the intracellular adhesion molecules (ICAMs), leading to aggregation of cells. Ligands serve to cross-link or cluster integrins by binding to adjacent integrin receptors; both receptor clustering and ligand occupancy are necessary for the activation of integrin-mediated responses. In addition to mediating cell adhesion and cytoskeletal organization, integrins function as signaling receptors. Signals transduced by integrins play a role in many biological processes, including cell growth, differentiation, migration and apoptosis.

REFERENCES

1. Hynes, R.O. 1992. Integrins: versatility, modulation and signaling in cell adhesion. *Cell* 69: 11-25.
2. Miyamoto, S., Akiyama, S.K. and Yamada, K.M. 1995. Synergistic roles for receptor occupancy and aggregation in integrin transmembrane function. *Science* 267: 883-885.
3. Clark, E.A. and Brugge, J.S. 1995. Integrins and signal transduction pathways: the road taken. *Science* 268: 233-239.
4. Sheppard, D. 1996. Epithelial integrins. *Bioessays* 18: 655-660.
5. Juliano, R. 1996. Cooperation between soluble factors and integrin-mediated cell anchorage in the control of cell growth and differentiation. *Bioessays* 18: 911-917.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ITGA1 (human) mapping to 5q11.2.

SOURCE

Integrin $\alpha 1$ (TS2/7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a cytotoxic T lymphocyte cell line of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG₁ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Available azide-free for mitogenic activity assays, sc-23942 L, 200 μ g/0.1 ml.

Available as phycoerythrin (sc-23942 PE) or fluorescein (sc-23942 FITC) conjugates for flow cytometry, 100 tests.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Integrin $\alpha 1$ (TS2/7) is recommended for detection of Integrin $\alpha 1$ of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Integrin $\alpha 1$ siRNA (h): sc-43125, Integrin $\alpha 1$ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43125-SH and Integrin $\alpha 1$ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43125-V.

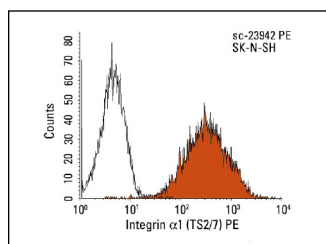
Molecular Weight of Integrin $\alpha 1$: 200 kDa.

Positive Controls: SK-N-SH cell lysate: sc-2410.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2005 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:32,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2031 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/ 2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-FITC: sc-2010 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



Integrin $\alpha 1$ (TS2/7) PE: sc-23942 PE. FCM analysis of SK-N-SH cells. Black line histogram represents the isotype control, normal mouse IgG₁.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Abair, T.D., et al. 2008. Functional analysis of the cytoplasmic domain of the integrin $\alpha 1$ subunit in endothelial cells. *Blood* 112: 3242-3254.
2. Jovanovic, M., et al. 2010. Effects of anti-phospholipid antibodies on a human trophoblast cell line (HTR-8/SVneo). *Acta Histochem.* 112: 34-41.
3. Chen, X., et al. 2010. Integrin $\alpha 1\beta 1$ regulates epidermal growth factor receptor activation by controlling peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor γ -dependent caveolin-1 expression. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 30: 3048-3058.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.