SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

FAM151A (C-14): sc-240400



BACKGROUND

Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes Lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The $MUTY_H$ gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. The FAM151A gene product has been provisionally designated FAM151A pending further characterization.

REFERENCES

- 1. Watson, M.L., et al. 1990. Genomic organization of the selectin family of leukocyte adhesion molecules on human and mouse chromosome 1. J. Exp. Med. 172: 263-272.
- 2. Blackwood, D.H., et al. 2001. Schizophrenia and affective disorderscosegregation with a translocation at chromosome 1q42 that directly disrupts brain-expressed genes: clinical and P300 findings in a family. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 69: 428-433
- 3. Weise, A., et al. 2005. New insights into the evolution of chromosome 1. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 108: 217-222.
- 4. Lans, H. and Hoeijmakers, J.H. 2006. Cell biology: aging nucleus gets out of shape. Nature 440: 32-34.
- 5. Hennah, W., Thomson, P., Peltonen, L. and Porteous, D. 2006. Genes and schizophrenia: beyond schizophrenia: the role of DISC1 in major mental illness. Schizophr. Bull. 32: 409-416.
- 6. Gregory, S.G., et al. 2006. The DNA sequence and biological annotation of human chromosome 1. Nature 441: 315-321.
- 7. Marzin, Y., et al. 2006. Chromosome 1 abnormalities in multiple myeloma. Anticancer Res. 26: 953-959.
- 8. McClintock, D., et al. 2006. Hutchinson-Gilford progeria mutant Lamin A primarily targets human vascular cells as detected by an anti-Lamin A G608G antibody. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 103: 2154-2159.
- 9. Scaffidi, P. and Misteli, T. 2006. Lamin A-dependent nuclear defects in human aging. Science 312: 1059-1063.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FAM151A (human) mapping to 1p32.3; Fam151a (mouse) mapping to 4 C7.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

SOURCE

FAM151A (C-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of FAM151A of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-240400 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

FAM151A (C-14) is recommended for detection of FAM151A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with FAM151B.

FAM151A (C-14) is also recommended for detection of FAM151A in additional species, including equine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for FAM151A siRNA (h): sc-78643, FAM151A siRNA (m): sc-141546, FAM151A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-78643-SH, FAM151A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141546-SH, FAM151A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-78643-V and FAM151A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141546-V.

Molecular Weight of FAM151A: 64/44 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try FAM151A (G-10): sc-514461, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to FAM151A (C-14).