# FAM76A (Q-12): sc-241452



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1g which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. The FAM76A gene product has been provisionally designated FAM76A pending further characterization.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Watson, M.L., Kingsmore, S.F., Johnston, G.I., Siegelman, M.H., Le Beau, M.M., Lemons, R.S., Bora, N.S., Howard, T.A., Weissman, I.L., McEver, R.P., et al. 1990. Genomic organization of the selectin family of leukocyte adhesion molecules on human and mouse chromosome 1. J. Exp. Med. 172: 263-272.
- Blackwood, D.H., Fordyce, A., Walker, M.T., St Clair, D.M., Porteous, D.J. and Muir, W.J. 2001. Schizophrenia and affective disorders—cosegregation with a translocation at chromosome 1q42 that directly disrupts brainexpressed genes: clinical and P300 findings in a family. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 69: 428-433
- Weise, A., Starke, H., Mrasek, K., Claussen, U. and Liehr, T. 2005. New insights into the evolution of chromosome 1. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 108: 217-222.
- 4. Lans, H. and Hoeijmakers, J.H. 2006. Cell biology: aging nucleus gets out of shape. Nature 440: 32-34.
- Gregory, S.G., Barlow, K.F., McLay, K.E., Kaul, R., Swarbreck, D., Dunham, A., Scott, C.E., Howe, K.L., Woodfine, K.C., Spencer, C.A., Jones, M.C., Gillson, C., Searle, S., Zhou, Y., Kokocinski, F., McDonald, L. et al. 2006. The DNA sequence and biological annotation of human chromosome 1. Nature 441: 315-321.
- 6. Hennah, W., Thomson, P., Peltonen, L. and Porteous, D. 2006. Genes and schizophrenia: beyond schizophrenia: the role of DISC-1 in major mental illness. Schizophr. Bull. 32: 409-416.
- Marzin, Y., Jamet, D., Douet-Guilbert, N., Morel, F., Le Bris, M.J., Morice, P., Abgrall, J.F., Berthou, C. and De Braekeleer, M. 2006. Chromosome 1 abnormalities in multiple myeloma. Anticancer Res. 26: 953-959.
- McClintock, D., Gordon, L.B. and Djabali, K. 2006. Hutchinson-Gilford progeria mutant Lamin A primarily targets human vascular cells as detected by an anti-Lamin A G608G antibody. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 103: 2154-2159.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: FAM76A (human) mapping to 1p35.3; Fam76a (mouse) mapping to 4 D2.3.

## SOURCE

FAM76A (Q-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of FAM76A of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-241452 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

FAM76A (Q-12) is recommended for detection of FAM76A of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for FAM76A siRNA (h): sc-78608, FAM76A siRNA (m): sc-141499, FAM76A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-78608-SH, FAM76A shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-141499-SH, FAM76A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-78608-V and FAM76A shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-141499-V.

Molecular Weight of FAM76A: 35 kDa.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat lgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat lgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat lgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat lgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

**Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc.** 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 **Europe** +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 **www.scbt.com**