# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# MP68 (C-14): sc-243512



#### BACKGROUND

MP68, also known as PLPM or C14orf2 (chromosome 14 open reading frame 2), is a 58 amino acid mitochondrial protein that belongs to the small mitochondrial proteolipid family. The gene encoding MP68 maps to human chromosome 14, which houses over 700 genes and comprises nearly 3.5% of the human genome. Chromosome 14 encodes the presinilin 1 (PSEN1) gene, which is one of the three key genes associated with the development of Alzheimer's disease (AD). The SERPINA1 gene is also located on chromosome 14 and, when defective, leads to the genetic disorder  $\alpha$ 1-antitrypsin deficiency, which is characterized by severe lung complications and liver dysfunction.

# REFERENCES

- Mao, M., et al. 1998. Identification of genes expressed in human CD34+ hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells by expressed sequence tags and efficient full-length cDNA cloning. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95: 8175-8180.
- Zhang, Q.H., et al. 2000. Cloning and functional analysis of cDNAs with open reading frames for 300 previously undefined genes expressed in CD34<sup>+</sup> hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells. Genome Res. 10: 1546-1560.
- Avramopoulos, D., et al. 2005. Linkage to chromosome 14q in Alzheimer's disease (AD) patients without psychotic symptoms. Am. J. Med. Genet. B Neuropsychiatr. Genet. 132B: 9-13.
- 4. Wang, A.G., et al. 2006. Identification of intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma related genes by comparison with normal liver tissues using expressed sequence tags. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 345: 1022-1032.
- 5. Roni, V., et al. 2007. Mapping of transcription start sites of human retina expressed genes. BMC Genomics 8: 42.
- Larner, A.J. and Doran, M. 2009. Genotype-phenotype relationships of presenilin-1 mutations in Alzheimer's disease: an update. J. Alzheimers Dis. 17: 259-265.
- Topic, A., et al. 2009. α-1-antitrypsin phenotypes in adult liver disease patients. Ups. J. Med. Sci. 114: 228-234.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: C14orf2 (human) mapping to 14q32.33.

#### SOURCE

MP68 (C-14) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of MP68 of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-243512 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### APPLICATIONS

MP68 (C-14) is recommended for detection of MP68 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for MP68 siRNA (h): sc-92273, MP68 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-92273-SH and MP68 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-92273-V.

Molecular Weight of MP68: 7 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.