SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

MRP-L4 (Q-19): sc-243524



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Mitochondrial ribosomes consist of a large 39S subunit and a small 28S subunit, both of which are comprised of multiple mitochondrial ribosomal proteins (MRPs) that are encoded by nuclear genes and are essential for protein synthesis within mitochondria. MRP-L4 (mitochondrial ribosomal protein L4), also known as L4mt or CGI-28, is a 311 amino acid protein that localizes to the mitochondrion, where it exists as a component of the 39S ribosomal subunit and works in conjunction with other MRPs to mediate protein synthesis. MRP-L4 exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 19p13.2. Consisting of around 63 million bases with over 1,400 genes, chromosome 19 makes up over 2% of human genomic DNA. Chromosome 19 is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. Chromosome 19 is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte lg-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG families, and Fc α receptors.

REFERENCES

- Graack, H.R. and Wittmann-Liebold, B. 1998. Mitochondrial ribosomal proteins (MRPs) of yeast. Biochem. J. 329: 433-448.
- Kenmochi, N., Suzuki, T., Uechi, T., Magoori, M., Kuniba, M., Higa, S., Watanabe, K. and Tanaka, T. 2001. The human mitochondrial ribosomal protein genes: mapping of 54 genes to the chromosomes and implications for human disorders. Genomics 77: 65-70.
- Suzuki, T., Terasaki, M., Takemoto-Hori, C., Hanada, T., Ueda, T., Wada, A. and Watanabe, K. 2001. Structural compensation for the deficit of rRNA with proteins in the mammalian mitochondrial ribosome. Systematic analysis of protein components of the large ribosomal subunit from mammalian mitochondria. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 21724-21736.
- 4. Moodie, S.J., Norman, P.J., King, A.L., Fraser, J.S., Curtis, D., Ellis, H.J., Vaughan, R.W. and Ciclitira, P.J. 2002. Analysis of candidate genes on chromosome 19 in coeliac disease: an association study of the KIR and LILR gene clusters. Eur. J. Immunogenet. 29: 287-291.
- Grimwood, J., Gordon, L.A., Olsen, A., Terry, A., Schmutz, J., Lamerdin, J., Hellsten, U., Goodstein, D., Couronne, O., Tran-Gyamfi, M., Aerts, A., Altherr, M., Ashworth, L., Bajorek, E., Black, S., Branscomb, E., Caenepeel, S., Carrano, A., et al. 2004. The DNA sequence and biology of human chromosome 19. Nature 428: 529-535.
- O'Brien, T.W., O'Brien, B.J. and Norman, R.A. 2005. Nuclear MRP genes and mitochondrial disease. Gene 354: 147-151.
- 7. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2008. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 611823. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MRPL4 (human) mapping to 19p13.2; Mrpl4 (mouse) mapping to 9 A3.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

SOURCE

MRP-L4 (Q-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of MRP-L4 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-243524 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

MRP-L4 (Q-19) is recommended for detection of MRP-L4 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

MRP-L4 (Q-19) is also recommended for detection of MRP-L4 in additional species, including canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for MRP-L4 siRNA (h): sc-97597, MRP-L4 siRNA (m): sc-149601, MRP-L4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97597-SH, MRP-L4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149601-SH, MRP-L4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97597-V and MRP-L4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149601-V.

Molecular Weight of MRP-L4 isoforms: 30/35 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.