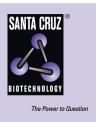
SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

FLJ22675 (Q-20): sc-246815



BACKGROUND

FLJ22675, also known as C11orf86 (chromosome 11 open reading frame 86), is a 115 amino acid protein encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 11q13.2. With approximately 135 million base pairs and 1,400 genes, chromosome 11 makes up around 4% of human genomic DNA and is considered a gene and disease association dense chromosome. The chromosome 11 encoded Atm gene is important for regulation of cell cycle arrest and apoptosis following double strand DNA breaks. Atm mutation leads to the disorder known as ataxia-telangiectasia. The blood disorders Sickle cell anemia and β thalassemia are caused by HBB gene mutations. Wilms' tumors, WAGR syndrome and Denys-Drash syndrome are associated with mutations of the WT1 gene. Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, Jacobsen syndrome, Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary angioedema and Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome are also associated with defects in chromosome 11.

REFERENCES

- Grossfeld, P.D., et al. 2004. The 11q terminal deletion disorder: a prospective study of 110 cases. Am. J. Med. Genet. A 129: 51-61.
- Loussouarn, G., et al. 2006. KCNQ1 K⁺ channel-mediated cardiac channelopathies. Methods Mol. Biol. 337: 167-183.
- Taylor, T.D., et al. 2006. Human chromosome 11 DNA sequence and analysis including novel gene identification. Nature 440: 497-500.
- Zehelein, J., et al. 2006. Skipping of exon 1 in the KCNQ1 gene causes Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 35397-35403.
- Ataga, K.I., et al. 2007. β-thalassaemia and sickle cell anaemia as paradigms of hypercoagulability. Br. J. Haematol. 139: 3-13.
- Berger, A.C., et al. 2007. The subcellular localization of the Niemann-Pick type C proteins depends on the adaptor complex AP-3. J. Cell Sci. 120: 3640-3652.
- Lee, J.H. and Paull, T.T. 2007. Activation and regulation of ATM kinase activity in response to DNA double-strand breaks. Oncogene 26: 7741-7748.
- O'Connor, M.J., et al. 2007. Targeted cancer therapies based on the inhibition of DNA strand break repair. Oncogene 26: 7816-7824.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: C11orf86 (human) mapping to 11q13.2.

SOURCE

FLJ22675 (Q-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of FLJ22675 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-246815 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

FLJ22675 (0-20) is recommended for detection of FLJ22675 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for FLJ22675 siRNA (h): sc-96318, FLJ22675 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-96318-SH and FLJ22675 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-96318-V.

Molecular Weight of FLJ22675: 13 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.