# ZNF764 (S-12): sc-249768



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Zinc-finger proteins contain DNA-binding domains and have a wide variety of functions, most of which encompass some form of transcriptional activation or repression. The majority of zinc-finger proteins contain a Krüppel-type DNA binding domain and a KRAB domain, which is thought to interact with KAP1, thereby recruiting histone modifying proteins. ZNF764 (zinc finger protein 764) is a 408 amino acid protein that localizes to the nucleus and contains 7  $\rm C_2H_2$ -type zinc fingers and a KRAB domain. One of several members of the Krüppel  $\rm C_2H_2$ -type zinc-finger protein family, ZNF764 is thought to be involved in transcriptional regulation events. The gene encoding ZNF764 maps to human chromosome 16, which encodes over 900 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome.

## **REFERENCES**

- Cannizzaro, L.A., Aronson, M.M. and Thiesen, H.J. 1993. Human zinc finger gene ZNF23 (Kox16) maps to a zinc finger gene cluster on chromosome 16q22, and ZNF32 (Kox30) to chromosome region 10q23-q24. Hum. Genet. 91: 383-385.
- Rousseau-Merck, M.F., Hillion, J., Jonveaux, P., Couillin, P., Seite, P., Thiesen, H.J. and Berger, R. 1994. Chromosomal localization of 9 KOX zinc finger genes: physical linkages suggest clustering of KOX genes on chromosomes 12, 16, and 19. Hum. Genet. 92: 583-587.
- 3. Sun, Y., Gou, D.M., Liu, H., Peng, X. and Li, W.X. 2003. The KRAB domain of zinc finger gene ZNF268: a potential transcriptional repressor. IUBMB Life 55: 127-131.
- 4. Rousseau-Merck, M.F., Koczan, D., Legrand, I., Möller, S., Autran, S. and Thiesen, H.J. 2003. The KOX zinc finger genes: genome wide mapping of 368 ZNF PAC clones with zinc finger gene clusters predominantly in 23 chromosomal loci are confirmed by human sequences annotated in EnsEMBL. Cytogenet. Genome Res. 98: 147-153.
- Nakamura, M., Runko, A.P. and Sagerström, C.G. 2004. A novel subfamily of zinc finger genes involved in embryonic development. J. Cell. Biochem. 93: 887-895.
- Englbrecht, C.C., Schoof, H. and Böhm, S. 2004. Conservation, diversification and expansion of C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> zinc finger proteins in the *Arabidopsis* thaliana genome. BMC Genomics 5: 39.
- Li, Y., Du, X., Li, F., Deng, Y., Yang, Z., Wang, Y., Pen, Z., Wang, Z., Yuan, W., Zhu, C. and Wu, X. 2006. A novel zinc-finger protein ZNF436 suppresses transcriptional activities of AP-1 and SRE. Mol. Biol. Rep. 33: 287-294.
- 8. Zhong, Z., Wan, B., Qiu, Y., Ni, J., Tang, W., Chen, X., Yang, Y., Shen, S., Wang, Y., Bai, M., Lang, Q. and Yu, L. 2007. Identification of a novel human zinc finger gene, ZNF438, with transcription inhibition activity. J. Biochem. Mol. Biol. 40: 517-524.
- 9. O'Geen, H., Squazzo, S.L., Iyengar, S., Blahnik, K., Rinn, J.L., Chang, H.Y., Green, R. and Farnham, P.J. 2007. Genome-wide analysis of KAP1 binding suggests autoregulation of KRAB-ZNFs. PLoS Genet. 3: e89.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Zfp764 (mouse) mapping to 7 F3.

#### **SOURCE**

ZNF764 (S-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of ZNF764 of mouse origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-249768 P, (100 μg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

ZNF764 (S-12) is recommended for detection of ZNF764 of mouse origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); may cross-react with Zfp747.

Suitable for use as control antibody for ZNF764 siRNA (m): sc-155790, ZNF764 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155790-SH and ZNF764 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155790-V.

Molecular Weight of ZNF764: 45 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.