



ADAM2 (K-17): sc-25132

BACKGROUND

The ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease) protein family, which includes over 30 membrane-anchored, glycosylated, Zn^{2+} dependent proteases, plays a role in cell-cell and cell-matrix interface related processes, including fertilization, muscle fusion, secretion of $TNF\alpha$ (tumor necrosis factor α), and modulation of the neurogenic function of Notch and Delta. The ADAM proteins possess a signal-domain, a pro-domain, a metalloprotease domain, a disintegrin domain integrin ligand, a cysteine-rich region, an epidermal growth factor-like domain, a transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic tail. ADAMs are expressed in a wide range of mammalian tissues and several are abundantly expressed in the male reproductive tract. ADAM2, also designated fertilin β and PH30 β , forms a heterodimer with ADAM1 (fertilin α or PH30 α) on the surface of spermatozoa, which mediates gamete cell adhesion during fertilization. ADAM2 utilizes an ECD motif to interact with integrins expressed on the egg plasma membrane. The gene encoding human ADAM2 maps to chromosome 8p11.2.

REFERENCES

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4. Primakoff, P., et al. 2000. The ADAM gene family: surface proteins with adhesion and protease activity. *Trends Genet.* 16: 83-87.
5. Cho, C., et al. 2000. Analysis of mouse fertilin in wild-type and fertilin β (-/-) sperm: evidence for C-terminal modification, α/β dimerization, and lack of essential role of fertilin α in sperm-egg fusion. *Dev. Biol.* 222: 289-295.
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7. Zhu, X., et al. 2002. Analysis of the roles of RGD-binding integrins, $\alpha 4/\alpha 9$ integrins, $\alpha 6$ integrins, and CD9 in the interaction of the fertilin β (ADAM2) disintegrin domain with the mouse egg membrane. *Biol. Reprod.* 66: 1193-1202.

SOURCE

ADAM2 (K-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of ADAM2 of mouse origin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-25132 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

ADAM2 (K-17) is recommended for detection of ADAM2 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.