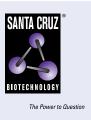
## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Dio-1 (B-9): sc-25264



## BACKGROUND

Dio-1 (death inducer-obliterator-1) is a putative transcription factor that contains two zinc finger motifs. Dio-1 translocates to the nucleus, and activates apoptosis during limb development. Programmed cell death, a highly regulated form of apoptosis, plays an important role in determining the amount of tissue, the shape and the definition of each digit during limb development. Dio-1 expression is upregulated when an apoptotic signal is detected, and subsequently apoptosis is induced. This process is similar to the expression of NF $\kappa$ B and NGF in response to external signals. Dio-1 expression is suppressed by caspase inhibitors and Bcl-2 expression. This supports the theory that Dio-1 functions in the onset of programmed cell death.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: DID01 (human) mapping to 20q13.33; Dido1 (mouse) mapping to 2 H4.

## SOURCE

Dio-1 (B-9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 315-614 of Dio-1 of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>2a</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Dio-1 (B-9) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-25264 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-25264 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-25264 PE), fluorescein (sc-25264 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-25264 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-25264 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-25264 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-25264 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-25264 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-25264 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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## **APPLICATIONS**

Dio-1 (B-9) is recommended for detection of Dio-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:500), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Dio-1 siRNA (h): sc-35194, Dio-1 siRNA (m): sc-35195, Dio-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35194-SH, Dio-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35195-SH, Dio-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35194-V and Dio-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35195-V.

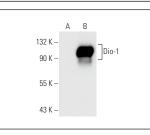
Molecular Weight of DID04/DID02/a isoforms: 244/129/61 kDa.

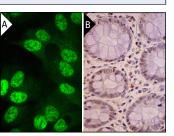
Positive Controls: Dio-1 (h2): 293T Lysate: sc-159185, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or Jurkat nuclear extract: sc-2132.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### DATA





Dio-1 (B-9): sc-25264. Western blot analysis of Dio-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 ( $\mathbf{A}$ ) and human Dio-1 transfected: sc-159185 ( $\mathbf{B}$ ) 293T whole cell lysates.

Dio-1 (B-9): sc-25264. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed Hep G2 cells showing nuclear localization (**A**). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human colon tissue showing nuclear staining of glandular cells and endothelial cells (**B**).

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Sillars-Hardebol, A.H., et al. 2012. CSE1L, DIDO1 and RBM39 in colorectal adenoma to carcinoma progression. Cell. Oncol. 35: 293-300.
- Braig, S. and Bosserhoff, A.K. 2013. Death inducer-obliterator 1 (Dido1) is a BMP target gene and promotes BMP-induced melanoma progression. Oncogene 32: 837-848.
- Restelli, V., et al. 2015. Characterization of a mantle cell lymphoma cell line resistant to the Chk1 inhibitor PF-00477736. Oncotarget 6: 37229-37240.

### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.