SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

ADX Reductase (H-300): sc-25846



BACKGROUND

Adrenodoxin Reductase (ADX Reductase) is a mitochondrial flavoprotein that receives electrons from NADPH and thereby initiates the electron-transport chain serving mitochondrial cytochromes P450. ADX Reductase participates in cholesterol side chain cleavage in all steroidogenic tissues, steroid 11- β hydroxylation in the adrenal cortex, 25-OH-vitamin D₃-24 hydroxylation in the kidney and sterol C-27 hydroxylation in the liver. Alternate splicing of ADX Reductase produces two isoforms. Human ADX Reductase maps to human chromosome 17q25.1.

REFERENCES

- 1. Solish, S., et al. 1988. Human Adrenodoxin Reductase: two mRNAs encoded by a single gene on chromosome 17q24-q25 are expressed in steroidogenic tissues. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 7104-7108.
- Sparkes, R., et al. 1991. Regional mapping of genes encoding human steroidogenic enzymes: P450scc to 15q23-q24; Adrenodoxin to 11q22; Adrenodoxin Reductase to 17q24-q25; and P450c17 to 10q24-q25. DNA Cell Biol. 10: 359-365.
- Ziegler, G.A., et al. 1999. The structure of Adrenodoxin Reductase of mitochondrial P450 systems: electron transfer for steroid biosynthesis. J. Mol. Biol. 289: 981-990.
- Hara, T., et al. 2000. Evidence for the cluster model of mitochondrial steroid hydroxylase system derived from dissociation constants of the complex between Adrenodoxin Reductase and Adrenodoxin. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 276: 210-215.
- Li, J., et al. 2001. Adrenodoxin Reductase homolog (Arh1p) of yeast mitochondria required for iron homeostasis. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 1503-1509.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FDXR (human) mapping to 17q25.1; Fdxr (mouse) mapping to 11 E2.

SOURCE

ADX Reductase (H-300) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 192-491 mapping at the C-terminus of Adrenodoxin Reductase of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

ADX Reductase (H-300) is recommended for detection of Adrenodoxin Reductase of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

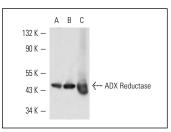
ADX Reductase (H-300) is also recommended for detection of Adrenodoxin Reductase in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

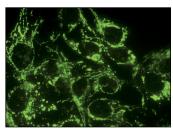
Suitable for use as control antibody for ADX Reductase siRNA (h): sc-61906, ADX Reductase siRNA (m): sc-61907, ADX Reductase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-61906-SH, ADX Reductase shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-61907-SH, ADX Reductase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61906-V and ADX Reductase shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61907-V.

Molecular Weight of ADX Reductase: 51 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227, SW-13 cell lysate: sc-24778 or rat adrenal gland extract: sc-364802.

DATA





ADX Reductase (H-300): sc-25846. Western blot analysis of ADX Reductase expression in SW-13 (**A**) and Hep G2 (**B**) whole cell lysates and rat adrenal gland tissue extract (**C**). ADX Reductase (H-300): sc-25846. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Hep G2 cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Wasilewski, M., et al. 2012. Optic atrophy 1-dependent mitochondrial re-modeling controls steroidogenesis in trophoblasts. Curr. Biol. 10: 1228-1234.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **ADX Reductase (E-2): sc-374436**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to ADX Reductase (H-300).