

ND3 (C-15): sc-26760

BACKGROUND

NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase (complex I) is an extremely complicated multiprotein complex located in the inner mitochondrial membrane. Human complex I is important for energy metabolism because its main function is to transport electrons from NADH to ubiquinone, which is accompanied by trans-location of protons from the mitochondrial matrix to the intermembrane space. Human complex I appears to consist of 41 subunits. A small number of complex I subunits are the products of mitochondrial genes (subunits 1-7), while the remainder are nuclear encoded and imported from the cytoplasm. NADH dehydrogenase subunit 3 (ND3) localizes to the hydrophobic protein fragment of complex I. Mutations in the gene encoding for ND3 may be associated with Parkinson disease.

REFERENCES

1. Ton, C., et al. 1997. Identification and primary structure of five human NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase subunits. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 241: 589-594.
2. Loeffen, J.L., et al. 1998. cDNA of eight nuclear encoded subunits of NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase: human complex I cDNA characterization completed. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 253: 415-422.
3. Smeitink, J., et al. 1998. Molecular characterization and mutational analysis of the human B17 subunit of the mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I. *Hum. Genet.* 103: 245-250.
4. Conn, K.J., et al. 2001. Decreased expression of the NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase (complex I) subunit 4 in 1-methyl-4-phenylpyridinium-treated human neuroblastoma SH-SY5Y cells. *Neurosci. Lett.* 306: 145-148.
5. Kim, S.H., et al. 2001. The reduction of NADH ubiquinone oxidoreductase 24- and 75-kDa subunits in brains of patients with Down syndrome and Alzheimer's disease. *Life Sci.* 68: 2741-2750.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ND3 (human) mapping to MT; ND3 (mouse) mapping to MT.

SOURCE

ND3 (C-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of ND3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-26760 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

ND3 (C-15) is recommended for detection of ND3 of mouse and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

ND3 (C-15) is also recommended for detection of ND3 in additional species, including equine and bovine.

Molecular Weight of ND3: 13 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.