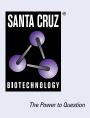
## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Grim19 (C-1): sc-271013



## BACKGROUND

The GRIM family of proteins appear to be novel types of tumor suppressors. Grim19, which stands for gene associated with retinoic-interferon-induced mortality 19 protein, is also designated cell death-regulatory protein Grim-19 or NADH dehydrogenase ubiquinone 1  $\alpha$  subcomplex subunit 13. The Grim19 protein plays two roles within the cell. As a member of the interferon- $\beta$  and retinoic acid-induced pathway of cell death, Grim19 induces apoptosis. As part of the mitochondrial complex I, Grim19 is essential for its assembly and electron transfer activity. It transfers electrons to the respiratory chain from NADH and plays a role in the interferon/all-*trans*-retinoic acid (IFN/RA) cell death pathway. It localizes primarily to the mitochondrion, but may translocate to the nucleus upon IFN/RA treatment. Grim19 may also be useful as a biological marker or target for drug development.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Brzustowicz, L.M., et al. 1992. Fine-mapping of the spinal muscular atrophy locus to a region flanked by MAP1B and D5S6. Genomics 13: 991-998.
- 2. Angell, J.E., et al. 2000. Identification of Grim19, a novel cell death-regulatory gene induced by the interferon- $\beta$  and retinoic acid combination, using a genetic approach. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 33416-33426.
- 3. Lufei, C., et al. 2003. Grim19, a death-regulatory gene product, suppresses Stat3 activity via functional interaction. EMBO J. 22: 1325-1335.

### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: NDUFA13 (human) mapping to 19p13.11; Ndufa13 (mouse) mapping to 8 B3.3.

## SOURCE

Grim19 (C-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 62-132 mapping near the C-terminus of Grim19 of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>2a</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Grim19 (C-1) is recommended for detection of Grim19 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Grim19 siRNA (h): sc-60765, Grim19 siRNA (m): sc-60766, Grim19 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60765-SH, Grim19 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60766-SH, Grim19 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60765-V and Grim19 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60766-V.

Molecular Weight of Grim19: 16 kDa.

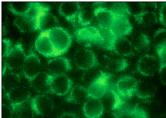
Positive Controls: MCF7 whole cell lysate: sc-2206, MDA-MB-231 cell lysate: sc-2232 or 3T3-L1 cell lysate: sc-2243.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA





Grim19 (C-1): sc-271013. Western blot analysis of Grim19 expression in MCF7 (A), MDA-MB-231 (B), 3T3-L1 (C), C3H/10T1/2 (D), NRK (E) and L8 (F) whole cell lysates.

Grim19 (C-1): sc-271013. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Ciscato, F., et al. 2014. SERPINB3 protects from oxidative damage by chemotherapeutics through inhibition of mitochondrial respiratory complex I. Oncotarget 5: 2418-2427.
- Carrer, A., et al. 2021. Defining the molecular mechanisms of the mitochondrial permeability transition through genetic manipulation of F-ATP synthase. Nat. Commun. 12: 4835.
- Du, L., et al. 2023. Thymidine phosphorylase deficiency or inhibition preserves cardiac function in mice with acute myocardial infarction. J. Am. Heart Assoc. 12: e028023.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.