# CALM (A-2): sc-271224



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Clathrin-coated pits and vesicles are assembled for receptor-mediated endocytosis through interaction with clathrin associated protein complexes. Vesicle transport is mediated from the *trans*-Golgi network by the adapter complex AP-1 and from the plasma membrane by the AP-2 complex. The AP-1 and AP-2 adapter protein complexes consist of clathrin binding Adaptin proteins ( $\gamma$  and  $\beta$ 1 for AP-1,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ 2 for AP-2) and two smaller subunits known as AP50 and AP17. The  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -Adaptin chains have a similar two-domain organization with C-terminal domains that vary in both sequence and length.  $\alpha$ -Adaptin splice variants A and C display variable relative expression levels and differential distribution in different tissues. AP180 (also designated AP-3 or F1-20) is a synapse-specific clathrin assembly protein. The protein CALM (clathrin assembly protein lymphoid myeloid leukemia) is highly homologous to AP180 and may also be involved in clathrin assembly.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: PICALM (human) mapping to 11q14.2; Picalm (mouse) mapping to 7 E1.

## **SOURCE**

CALM (A-2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 619-651 at the C-terminus of CALM of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \, lg G_3$  kappa light chian in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-271224 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **APPLICATIONS**

CALM (A-2) is recommended for detection of CALM of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CALM (A-2) is also recommended for detection of CALM in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CALM siRNA (h): sc-29882, CALM siRNA (m): sc-29883, CALM shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29882-SH, CALM shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29883-SH, CALM shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29882-V and CALM shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29883-V.

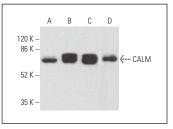
Molecular Weight of CALM: 62-72 kDa.

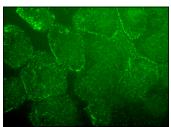
Positive Controls: Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227, HEK293 whole cell lysate: sc-45136 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### **DATA**





CALM (A-2): sc-271224. Western blot analysis of CALM expression in K-562 (A), HEK293 (B), 3T3-L1 (C) and Hep G2 (D) whole cell lysates. Detection reagent used: m-IqGk BP-HRP: sc-516102.

CALM (A-2): sc-271224. Immunofluorescence staining of formalin-fixed A-431 cells showing membrane and cytoplasmic vesicles localization.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Deshpande, A.J., et al. 2011. The clathrin-binding domain of CALM and the OM-LZ domain of AF10 are sufficient to induce acute myeloid leukemia in mice. Leukemia 25: 1718-1727.
- 2. Kim, J.O., et al. 2018. A novel system-level approach using RNA-sequencing data identifies miR-30-5p and miR-142a-5p as key regulators of apoptosis in myocardial infarction. Sci. Rep. 8: 14638.
- Chae, C.W., et al. 2020. High glucose-mediated PICALM and mTORC1 modulate processing of amyloid precursor protein via endosomal abnormalities. Br. J. Pharmacol. 177: 3828-3847.
- Azarnia Tehran, D., et al. 2022. Selective endocytosis of Ca<sup>2+</sup>-permeable AMPARs by the Alzheimer's disease risk factor CALM bidirectionally controls synaptic plasticity. Sci. Adv. 8: eabl5032.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.