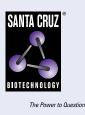
# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# TKTL1/2 (C-11): sc-271296



BACKGROUND

Transketolase, a crucial component of the pentose phosphate pathway (PPP), functions as a link between glycolysis and the non-oxidative part of the PPP, allowing the cell to adapt to varying metabolic conditions in response to environmental changes. TKTL1 (Transketolase-like 1), also known as TKR or TKT2, is a 596 amino acid protein that localizes to both the nucleus and the cytoplasm and belongs to the Transketolase family. Expressed in both adult and fetal lung, brain, liver, heart and kidney, TKTL1 exists as a homodimer that uses calcium and thiamine pyrophosphate as cofactors to catalyze the conversion of sedoheptulose 7-phosphate and D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate to D-ribose 5-phosphate and D-xylulose 5-phosphate. Overexpression of TKTL1, which exists as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms, is associated with diabetic complications and epithelial tumor growth and invasion. TKTL2 (Transketolase-like 2) is a 626 amino acid member of the Transketolase family that, like TKTL1, is able to catalyze a specific phosphate transfer reaction.

### REFERENCES

- McCool, B.A., et al. 1993. Cloning of human Transketolase cDNAs and comparison of the nucleotide sequence of the coding region in Wernicke-Korsakoff and non-Wernicke-Korsakoff individuals. J. Biol. Chem. 268: 1397-1404.
- Coy, J.F., et al. 1996. Molecular cloning of tissue-specific transcripts of a Transketolase-related gene: implications for the evolution of new vertebrate genes. Genomics 32: 309-316.
- 3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM<sup>™</sup>. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 300044. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: TKTL1 (human) mapping to Xq28, TKTL2 (human) mapping to 4q32.2.

#### SOURCE

TKTL1/2 (C-11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 231-288 mapping within an internal region of TKTL1 of human origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG\_1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

TKTL1/2 (C-11) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-271296 AC), 500 μg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-271296 HRP), 200 μg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-271296 PE), fluorescein (sc-271296 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-271296 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-271296 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-271296 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-271296 AF647), 200 μg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-271296 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-271296 AF790), 200 μg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### APPLICATIONS

TKTL1/2 (C-11) is recommended for detection of TKTL1 and TKTL2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of TKTL1: 65 kDa.

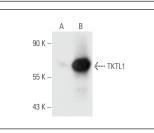
Molecular Weight of TKTL2: 68 kDa.

Positive Controls: TKTL1 (h4): 293T Lysate: sc-171984.

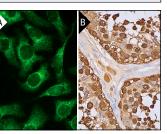
# **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### DATA



TKTL1/2 (C-11): sc-271296. Western blot analysis of TKTL1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human TKTL1 transfected: sc-171984 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.



TKTL1/2 (C-11): sc-271296. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Hela cells showing cytoplasmic localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human testis tissue showing cytoplasmic and nuclear staining of cells in seminiferous ducts and cytoplasmic staining of subset of leydig cells (B).

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Liu, C.L., et al. 2020. Targeting the pentose phosphate pathway increases reactive oxygen species and induces apoptosis in thyroid cancer cells. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 499: 110595.

### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

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