# GLCNE (G-12): sc-271481



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

The bifunctional enzyme UDP-N-acetylglucosamine 2-epimerase/N-acetylmannosamine kinase (GNE/Mnk), or GLCNE, regulates and initiates biosynthesis of N-acetylneuraminic acid (NeuAc), a precursor of sialic acids. GLCNE is required for normal sialylation in hematopoietic cells. Sialylation is implicated in cell adhesion, signal transduction, tumorigenicity and metastatic behavior of malignant cells. It is upregulated after PKC-dependent phosphorylation and is most abundantly expressed in liver and placenta. It is also expressed, to a lesser extent, in heart, brain, lung, kidney, skeletal muscle and pancreas. Defects in GLCNE are the cause of sialuria, inclusion body myopathy 2 (IBM2) and Nonaka myopathy (NM) or distal myopathy with rimmed vacuoles (DMRV). Sialuria is an autosomal dominant disorder caused by a lack of feedback inhibition of GLCNE by CMP-NeuAc, resulting in overproduction of NeuAc. It is characterized by an accumulation of free sialic acid in the cytoplasm and large quantities of neuraminic acid in the urine. Both IBM2 and NM/DMRV are autosomal recessive neuromuscular disorders characterized by adult onset, distal and proximal muscle weakness (especially in the legs) and a typical muscle pathology including filamentous inclusions and rimmed vacuoles.

## **REFERENCES**

- Amouri, R., et al. 2005. Allelic heterogeneity of GNE gene mutation in two Tunisian families with autosomal recessive inclusion body myopathy. Neuromuscul. Disord. 15: 361-363.
- Bork, K., et al. 2005. The intracellular concentration of sialic acid regulates the polysialylation of the neural cell adhesion molecule. FEBS Lett. 579: 5079-5083.
- Krause, S., et al. 2005. Localization of UDP-GlcNAc 2-epimerase/ManAc kinase (GNE) in the Golgi complex and the nucleus of mammalian cells. Exp. Cell Res. 304: 365-379.
- 4. Nonaka, I., et al. 2005. Distal myopathy with rimmed vacuoles and hereditary inclusion body myopathy. Curr. Neurol. Neurosci. Rep. 5: 61-65.
- Ro, L.S., et al. 2005. Phenotypic variability in a Chinese family with rimmed vacuolar distal myopathy. J. Neurol. Neurosurg. Psychiatry 76: 752-755.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GNE (human) mapping to 9p13.3; Gne (mouse) mapping to 4 B1.

## SOURCE

GLCNE (G-12) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 66-99 near the N-terminus of GLCNE of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-271481 P, (100  $\mu g$  peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

GLCNE (G-12) is recommended for detection of GLCNE of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

GLCNE (G-12) is also recommended for detection of GLCNE in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for GLCNE siRNA (h): sc-60693, GLCNE siRNA (m): sc-60694, GLCNE shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60693-SH, GLCNE shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60694-SH, GLCNE shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60693-V and GLCNE shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60694-V.

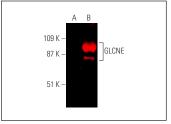
Molecular Weight of GLCNE: 79 kDa.

Positive Controls: GLCNE (m2): 293T Lysate: sc-125387, human liver extract: sc-363766 or mouse brain extract: sc-2253.

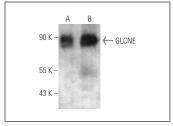
#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA



GLCNE (G-12): sc-271481. Near-infrared western blot analysis of GLCNE expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse GLCNE transfected: sc-12587 (B) 293T whole cell lysates. Blocked with UltraCru $^{\oplus}$  Blocking Reagent: sc-516214. Detection reagent used: m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-CFL 790: sc-516181.



GLCNE (G-12): sc-271481. Western blot analysis of GLCNE expression in human liver (**A**) and mouse brain (**B**) tissue extracts.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.