SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

elF3ζ (H-7): sc-271515



BACKGROUND

The initiation of protein synthesis in eukaryotic cells is regulated by interactions between protein initiation factors and RNA molecules. Eukaryotic initiation factors (eIFs) are utilized in a sequence of reactions that lead to 80S ribosomal assembly and, ultimately, translation. The eukaryotic initiation factor-3 (eIF3) scaffolding structure is the largest of the eIF complexes and includes eIF3 α , eIF3 β , eIF3 γ , eIF3 δ , eIF3 ε , eIF3 ζ , eIF3 η and eIF3 θ , all of which function to control the assembly of the 40S ribosomal subunit. Association of eIF3 proteins with the 40S ribosomal subunit stabilizes eIF2-GTP-Met-tRNAiMet complex association and mRNA binding, and promotes dissociation of 80S ribosomes into 40S and 60S subunits, thereby promoting the assembly of the pre-initiation complex. Overexpression of eIF3 proteins is common in several cancers, suggesting a role for eIF3 proteins in tumorigenesis.

REFERENCES

- Valasek, L., et al. 2004. Interactions of eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF3) subunit NIP1/c with eIF1 and eIF5 promote preinitiation complex assembly and regulate start codon selection. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24: 9437-9455.
- 2. Peterson, T.R. and Sabatini, D.M. 2005. eIF3: a connecTOR of S6K1 to the translation preinitiation complex. Mol. Cell 20: 655-657.
- 3. Hinnebusch, A.G. 2006. eIF3: a versatile scaffold for translation initiation complexes. Trends Biochem. Sci. 31: 553-562.
- 4. LeFebvre, A.K., et al. 2006. Translation initiation factor elF4G-1 binds to elF3 through the elF3ε subunit. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 22917-22932.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: EIF3D (human) mapping to 22q12.3; Eif3d (mouse) mapping to 15 E1.

SOURCE

elF3 ζ (H-7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-300 mapping at the N-terminus of elF3 ζ of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g\, lg G_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

elF3ζ (H-7) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-271515 AC), 500 μg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-271515 HRP), 200 μg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-271515 PE), fluorescein (sc-271515 FITC), Alexa Fluor[®] 488 (sc-271515 AF488), Alexa Fluor[®] 546 (sc-271515 AF546), Alexa Fluor[®] 594 (sc-271515 AF594) or Alexa Fluor[®] 647 (sc-271515 AF647), 200 μg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor[®] 680 (sc-271515 AF680) or Alexa Fluor[®] 790 (sc-271515 AF790), 200 μg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

eIF3 ζ (H-7) is recommended for detection of eIF3 ζ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for eIF3 ζ siRNA (h): sc-40552, eIF3 ζ siRNA (m): sc-40553, eIF3 ζ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40552-SH, eIF3 ζ shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40553-SH, eIF3 ζ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40552-V and eIF3 ζ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40553-V.

Molecular Weight of elF3ζ: 66 kDa.

Positive Controls: PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

DATA





elF3 ζ (H-7): sc-271515. Western blot analysis of elF3 ζ expression in Neuro-2A (**A**), C6 (**B**), MM-142 (**C**), HL-60 (**D**), MCF7 (**E**) and c4 (**F**) whole cell lysates.

elF3č (H-7): sc-271515. Western blot analysis of elF3č expression in Ca Ski (A), Jurkat (B), Hep G2 (C), RAW 264.7 (D), PC-12 (E) and KNRK (F) whole cell lysates

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Villa, N., et al. 2013. Human eukaryotic initiation factor 4G (elF4G) protein binds to elF3c, -d, and -e to promote mRNA recruitment to the ribosome. J. Biol. Chem. 288: 32932-32940.
- Shin, S., et al. 2023. mTOR inhibition reprograms cellular proteostasis by regulating eIF3D-mediated selective mRNA translation and promotes cell phenotype switching. Cell Rep. 42: 112868.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.