## BACKGROUND

Zinc, an essential element required for cell proliferation and differentiation, plays a role in a diverse array of cellular functions, including acting as a cofactor for numerous enzymes and transcription factors and as a neuroregulator. The zinc transporter (ZnT) family regulates the supply of zinc within cells, and its members are characterized by containing six membrane-spanning domains, a large histidine-rich intracellular loop and a C-terminal tail. $\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ mediates the uptake of zinc into vesicles in small intestine, kidney, placenta and, in some cases, liver.

## REFERENCES

1. Palmiter, R.D. and Findley, S.D. 1995. Cloning and functional characterization of a mammalian zinc transporter that confers resistance to zinc. EMBO J. 14: 639-649.
2. McMahon, R.J. and Cousins, R.J. 1998. Mammalian zinc transporters. J. Nutr. 128: 667-670.
3. Beyersmann, D. and Haase, H. 2001. Functions of zinc in signaling, proliferation and differentiation of mammalian cells. Biometals 14: 331-341.
4. Liuzzi, J.P., Blanchard, R.K. and Cousins, R.J. 2001. Differential regulation of zinc transporter 1,2 , and 4 mRNA expression by dietary zinc in rats. J. Nutr. 131: 46-52.
5. Sekler, I., Moran, A., Hershfinkel, M., Dori, A., Margulis, A., Birenzweig, N., Nitzan, Y. and Silverman, W.F. 2002. Distribution of the zinc transporter $\mathrm{ZnT}-1$ in comparison with chelatable zinc in the mouse brain. J. Comp. Neurol. 447: 201-209.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SLC30A2 (human) mapping to 1p36.11; SIc30a2 (mouse) mapping to 4 D3.

## SOURCE

$\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ (C-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C -terminus of $\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains $200 \mu \mathrm{ggG}$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with $<0.1 \%$ sodium azide and $0.1 \%$ gelatin.
Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-27506 P, (100 $\mu \mathrm{g}$ peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing $<0.1 \%$ sodium azide and $0.2 \% \mathrm{BSA}$ ).

## STORAGE

Store at $4^{\circ}$ C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

## APPLICATIONS

$\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ (C-17) is recommended for detection of $\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ of human and, to a lesser extent, mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution $1: 30$, dilution range $1: 30-1: 3000$ ).
$\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ (C-17) is also recommended for detection of $\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.
Suitable for use as control antibody for ZnT-2 siRNA (h): sc-106718, ZnT-2 siRNA (m): sc-155819, ZnT-2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-106718-SH, ZnT-2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155819-SH, ZnT-2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-106718-V and $\mathrm{ZnT}-2$ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155819-V.

## RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz MarkerTM compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:1001:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Leung, K.W., Liu, M., Xu, X., Seiler, M.J., Barnstable, C.J. and TombranTink, J. 2008. Expression of ZnT and ZIP zinc transporters in the human RPE and their regulation by neurotrophic factors. Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 49: 1221-1231.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

