SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Sin4p (yD-17): sc-28059



BACKGROUND

Sin4p is a member of a mediator complex associated with the C-terminus of RNA polymerase II and is required for proper transcriptional regulation of several yeast genes. Mutations of Sin4p can affect either activation or repression of selected genes thus suggesting a dual involvement in chromatin organization.

REFERENCES

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- Lemaire, M., et al. 2000. The NC2 repressor is dispensable in yeast mutated for the Sin4p component of the holoenzyme and plays roles similar to Mot1p *in vivo*. Mol. Microbiol 36: 163-173.
- Mizuno, T., et al. 2000. Activation of basal transcription by a mutation in SIN4, a yeast global repressor, occurs through a mechanism different from activator-mediated transcriptional enhancement. Mol. Gen. Genet. 263: 48-59.
- West, R.W. Jr., et al. 2000. RLR1 (THO2), required for expressing lacZ fusions in yeast, is conserved from yeast to humans and is a suppressor of SIN4. Gene 243: 195-205.
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- Nishizawa, M., et al. 2001. Negative regulation of transcription by the yeast global transcription factors, Gal11 and Sin4. Yeast 18: 1099-1110.
- Mizuno, T., et al. 2003. Gal11 is a general activator of basal transcription, whose activity is regulated by the general repressor Sin4 in yeast. Mol. Genet. Genomics 269: 68-77.
- 9. Wang, X., et al. 2004. Mutations in SIN4 and RGR1 cause constitutive expression of MAL structural genes in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. Genetics 168: 747-757.

SOURCE

Sin4p (yD-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Sin4p of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-28059 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

Sin4p (yD-17) is recommended for detection of Sin4p of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2033 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.