SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Fyn (H-80): sc-28791



BACKGROUND

Src is the human homolog of the v-src gene of the Rous sarcoma virus, also called avian sarcoma virus or ASV. Src was the first proto-oncogenic nonreceptor tyrosine kinase characterized in human. By virtue of common structural motifs, the Src family is composed of nine members in vertebrates, including Src, Yes, Fgr, Frk, Fyn, Lyn, Hck, Lck and Blk. Src-family kinases transduce signals that are involved in the control of a variety of cellular processes, including proliferation, differentiation, motility, and adhesion. Src-family kinases contain an amino terminal cell membrane anchor followed by an SH3 domain and an SH2 domain involved in modular association and activation, respectively. Src-family kinases are normally maintained in an inactive state and can be activated transiently during cellular events such as mitosis. Different subcellular localizations of Src-family kinases may be important for the regulation of specific cellular processes such as mitogenesis, cytoskeletal organization, and membrane trafficking. Fyn and Lck kinases play a key role in T-cell antigen receptor (TCR) signaling. The human Fyn gene maps to chromosome 6q21 and encodes a 537 amino acid protein.

REFERENCES

- 1. Sakaguchi, A.Y., et al. 1982. Organization of human proto-oncogenes. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 34: 175.
- Williams, J.C., et al. 1998. Insights into Src kinase functions: structural comparisons. Trends Biochem. Sci. 23: 179-184.
- Tatosyan, A.G. and Mizenina, O.A. 2000. Kinases of the Src family: structure and functions. Biochemistry 65: 49-58.
- Bjorge, J.D., et al. 2000. Selected glimpses into the activation and function of Src kinase. Oncogene 19: 5620-5635.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FYN (human) mapping to 6q21; Fyn (mouse) mapping to 10 B1.

SOURCE

Fyn (H-80) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-80 mapping at the N-terminus of Fyn of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

Fyn (H-80) is recommended for detection of Fyn of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Fyn (H-80) is also recommended for detection of Fyn in additional species, including canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Fyn siRNA (h): sc-29321, Fyn siRNA (m): sc-35425, Fyn shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29321-SH, Fyn shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35425-SH, Fyn shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29321-V and Fyn shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35425-V.

Molecular Weight of Fyn: 59 kDa.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or HuT 78 whole cell lysate: sc-2208.

DATA





Western blot analysis of Fyn phosphorylation in untreated (**A**,**C**) and lambda protein phosphatase (sc-200312A) treated (**B**,**D**) mouse brain tissue extracts. Antibodies tested include p-Fyn (Thr 12)-R: sc-16848-R (**A**,**B**) and Fyn (H-80): sc-28791 (**C**,**D**).

Fyn (H-80): sc-28791. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing membrane localization.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Barbu, E.A., et al. 2010. The limited contribution of Fyn and Gab2 to the high affinity IgE receptor signaling in mast cells. J. Biol. Chem. 285: 15761-15768.
- Bakhti, M., et al. 2011. Inhibition of Myelin membrane sheath formation by oligodendrocyte-derived exosome-like vesicles. J. Biol. Chem. 286: 787-796.
- Azhibekov, T.A., et al. 2011. TM4SF10 and ADAP interaction in podocytes: role in Fyn activity and nephrin phosphorylation. Am. J. Physiol., Cell Physiol. 301: C1351-C1359.