γ-GCSc (H-300): sc-28965



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The GCLC gene consists of 16 exons and encodes the 636 amino acid protein $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ ($\gamma\text{-glutamylcysteine}$ synthetase heavy subunit), also designated $\gamma\text{-L-glutamate-L-cysteine}$ ligase catalytic subunit (GLCLC). $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ is expressed in hemocytes, brain, liver and kidney. $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ associates with a regulatory or modifier subunit, $\gamma\text{-GCSm}$ ($\gamma\text{-glutamylcysteine}$ synthetase light subunit), to form a heterodimer, $\gamma\text{-GCS}$. $\gamma\text{-GCS}$ is the first enzyme involved and the rate determining step in glutathione biosynthesis. Oxidants, cadium and methyl mercury upregulate the transcription of $\gamma\text{-GCS}$. H₂O₂ regulation depends on the Yap1 protein and the presence of glutamate, glutamine and lysine. Cadium regulates transcription through proteins Met-4, Met-31 and Met-32. Cbf1, a DNA binding protein, inhibits transcription of $\gamma\text{-GCS}$. Chemopreventive compounds cause increased levels of $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ in kidney tissues, which may protect against chemically induced carcinogenesis. A His370Leu amino acid change in $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ causes deficiencies in activity which are responsible for hemolytic anemia and low red blood cell glutathione levels.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GCLC (human) mapping to 6p12.1; Gclc (mouse) mapping to 9 E1.

SOURCE

γ-GCSc (H-300) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 338-637 mapping at the C-terminus of γ-GCSc of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

 $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ (H-300) is recommended for detection of $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μg per 100-500 μg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

 γ -GCSc (H-300) is also recommended for detection of γ -GCSc in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for γ -GCSc siRNA (h): sc-41978, γ -GCSc siRNA (m): sc-41979, γ -GCSc shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41978-SH, γ -GCSc shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41979-SH, γ -GCSc shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41978-V and γ -GCSc shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41979-V.

Molecular Weight of γ-GCSc: 73 kDa.

Positive Controls: γ -GCSc (h): 293T Lysate: sc-115522, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or γ -GCSc (m): 293T Lysate: sc-120458.

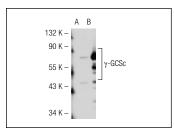
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

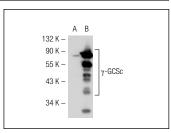
RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

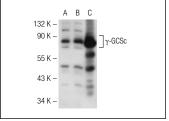
DATA



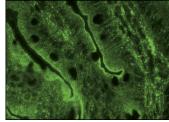
 $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ (H-300): sc-28965. Western blot analysis of $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse $\gamma\text{-GCSc}$ transfected: sc-120458 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.



 γ -GCSc (H-300): sc-28965. Western blot analysis of γ -GCSc expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human γ -GCSc transfected: sc-115522 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.



 γ -GCSc (H-300): sc-28965. Western blot analysis of γ -GCSc expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (**A**), human γ -GCSc transfected 293T: sc-177279 (**B**) and Hep G2 (**C**) whole cell lysates.



γ-GCSc (H-300): sc-28965. Immunofluorescence staining of normal mouse intestine frozen section showing cytoplasmic staining.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Schaedler, S., et al. 2010. Hepatitis B virus induces expression of antioxidant response element-regulated genes by activation of Nrf2. J. Biol. Chem. 285: 41074-41086.
- 2. Kim, B.Y., et al. 2010. NEMO stabilizes c-Myc through direct interaction in the nucleus. FEBS Lett. 584: 4524-4530.
- Li, W., et al. 2012. Caveolin-1 inhibits expression of antioxidant enzymes through direct interaction with nuclear erythroid 2 p45-related factor-2 (Nrf2). J. Biol. Chem. 287: 20922-20930.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try γ -GCSc (H-5): sc-390811 or γ -GCSc (F-9): sc-166356, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to γ -GCSc (H-300).

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