MC1-R (H-60): sc-28990



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The melanocortin family comprises the α -, β - and γ -melanocyte stimulating hormones (MSH) and adrenocorticotrophin. The receptors for these hormones are seven-transmembrane G protein-coupled proteins that activate adenylyl cyclase. Five melanocortin receptors have been cloned and shown to exhibit different affinities and patterns of expression. MC1-R (MSH-R) is expressed in melanocytes and corticoadrenal tissue. MC2-R is the ACTH receptor and is expressed primarily in the adrenal cortex. MC3-R has been found in specific regions of the brain and is also expressed in placenta and gut. MC4-R is expressed primarily in brain, while MC5-R is expressed at low levels in most tissues

REFERENCES

- 1. Mountjoy, K.G., et al. 1992. The cloning of a family of genes that encode the melanocortin receptors. Science 257: 1248-1251.
- Chhajlani, V., et al. 1992. Molecular cloning and expression of the human melanocyte stimulating hormone receptor cDNA. FEBS Lett. 309: 417-420.
- 3. Gantz, I., et al. 1993. Molecular cloning of a novel melanocortin receptor. J. Biol. Chem. 268: 8246-8250.
- 4. Gantz, I., et al. 1993. Molecular cloning, expression and gene localization of a fourth melanocortin receptor. J. Biol. Chem. 268: 15174-15179.
- 5. Roselli-Rehfuss, L., et al. 1993. Identification of a receptor for γ melanotropin and other proopiomelanocortin peptides in the hypothalamus and limbic system. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90: 8856-8860.
- Chhajlani, V., et al. 1993. Molecular cloning of a novel human melanocortin receptor. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 195: 866-873.
- 7. Mountjoy, K.G., et al. 1994. Localization of the melanocortin-4 receptor (MC4-R) in neuroendocrine and autonomic control circuits in the brain. Mol. Endocrinol. 8: 1298-1308.
- Labbe, O., et al. 1994. Molecular cloning of a mouse melanocortin 5 receptor gene widely expressed in peripheral tissues. Biochemistry 33: 4543-4549.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MC1R (human) mapping to 16q24.3; Mc1r (mouse) mapping to 8 E1.

SOURCE

MC1-R (H-60) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-60 mapping at the N-terminus of MC1-R of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

MC1-R (H-60) is recommended for detection of MC1-R of human and, to a lesser extent, mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

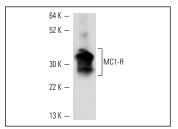
Suitable for use as control antibody for MC1-R siRNA (h): sc-40107, MC1-R siRNA (m): sc-40108, MC1-R shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40107-SH, MC1-R shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40108-SH, MC1-R shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40107-V and MC1-R shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40108-V.

Molecular Weight of MC1-R: 34 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



MC1-R (H-60): sc-28990. Western blot analysis of MC1-R expression in rat small intestine tissue extract.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Kadekaro, A.L., et al. 2010. Melanocortin 1 receptor genotype: an important determinant of the damage response of melanocytes to ultraviolet radiation. FASEB J. 24: 3850-3860.
- 2. Hong, I.K., et al. 2012. Tetraspanin CD151 stimulates adhesion-dependent activation of Ras, Rac, and Cdc42 by facilitating molecular association between β 1 integrins and small GTPases. J. Biol. Chem. 287: 32027-32039.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.