

TAF I p95 (M-300): sc-292392

BACKGROUND

For gene transcription governed by RNA polymerase I, the human transcription factor SL1 (mouse TIF-IB) directs the assembly of initiation complexes at the promoter. Like TFIID, which directs transcription by RNA polymerase II, SL1/TIF-IB contains the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a set of TBP-associated factors (TAFs). The three TAF I subunits, hTAF I p110, hTAF I p63 and hTAF p48 (or mouse TAF I p95, TAF I p68 and TAF I p48), are all integral components of SL1/TIF-IB. The mutually exclusive binding of either TAF I or TAF II subunits to TBP is believed to direct the formation of promoter- and RNA polymerase-specific complexes.

REFERENCES

1. Learned, R.M., et al. 1985. Purification and characterization of a transcription factor that confers promoter specificity to human RNA polymerase I. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 5: 1358-1369.
2. Clos, J., et al. 1986. A purified transcription factor (TIF-IB) binds to essential sequences of the mouse rDNA promoter. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83: 604-608.
3. Bell, S.P., et al. 1990. Assembly of alternative multiprotein complexes directs rRNA promoter selectivity. *Genes Dev.* 4: 943-954.
4. Comai, L., et al. 1992. The TATA-binding protein and associated factors are integral components of the RNA polymerase I transcription factor, SL1. *Cell* 68: 965-976.
5. Eberhard, D., et al. 1993. A TBP-containing multiprotein complex (TIF-IB) mediates transcription specificity of murine RNA polymerase I. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 21: 4180-4186.
6. Comai, L., et al. 1994. Reconstitution of transcription factor SL1: exclusive binding of TBP by SL1 or TFIID subunits. *Science* 266: 1966-1972.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Taf1c (mouse) mapping to 8 E1.

SOURCE

TAF I p95 (M-300) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 537-836 mapping at the C-terminus of TAF I p95 of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

TAF I p95 (M-300) is recommended for detection of TAF I p95 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for TAF I p95 siRNA (m): sc-38491, TAF I p95 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38491-SH and TAF I p95 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38491-V.

Molecular Weight of TAF I p95: 95 kDa.

Positive Controls: KNRK nuclear extract: sc-2141, NIH/3T3 nuclear extract: sc-2138 or 3611-RF nuclear extract: sc-2143.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.