SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Nebulin (1F4): sc-293370



BACKGROUND

Caldesmon, Filamin 1, Nebulin and Villin are differentially expressed and regulated Actin binding proteins. Both muscular (CDh) and non-muscular (CDl) forms of caldesmon have been identified and each has been shown to bind to Actin as well as to calmodulin and myosin. CDh is expressed predominantly on thin filaments in smooth muscle, whereas CDl is widely expressed in non-muscle tissues and cells. Filamin 1, which is ubiquitously expressed and exists as a homodimer, functions to crosslink Actin to filaments. Nebulin is a large filamentous protein specific to muscle tissue that may function as a ruler for filament length. Several isoforms of Nebulin are produced by alternative exon usage. Villin is Ca²⁺ -regulated and is the major structural component of the brush border of absorptive cells.

REFERENCES

- 1. Weihing, R.R. 1988. Actin-binding and dimerization domains of HeLa cell Filamin. Biochemistry 27: 1865-1869.
- 2. Maunoury, R., et al. 1992. Developmental regulation of Villin gene expression in the epithelial cell lineages of mouse digestive and urogenital tracts. Development 115: 717-728.
- Marston, S., et al. 1992. Caldesmon binds to smooth muscle myosin and myosin rod and crosslink thick filaments to Actin filaments. J. Muscle Res. Cell Motil. 13: 206-218.
- Labeit, S. and Kolmerer, B. 1995. The complete primary structure of human Nebulin and its correlation to muscle structure. J. Mol. Biol. 248: 308-315.
- 5. Huber, P.A., et al. 1996. Multiple-sited interaction of caldesmon with Ca²⁺-calmodulin. Biochem. J. 316: 413-420.
- Zhang, J.Q., et al. 1996. cDNA cloning of mouse Nebulin. Evidence that the Nebulin-coding sequence is highly conserved among vertebrates. Eur. J. Biochem. 239: 835-841.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NEB (human) mapping to 2q23.3.

SOURCE

Nebulin (1F4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 2108-2217 of Nebulin of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG_1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

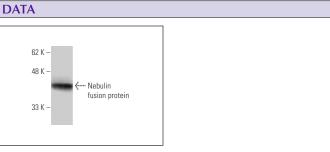
Nebulin (1F4) is recommended for detection of Nebulin of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Nebulin siRNA (h): sc-43210, Nebulin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43210-SH and Nebulin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43210-V.

Molecular Weight of Nebulin: 700-900 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).



Nebulin (1F4): sc-293370. Western blot analysis of human recombinant Nebulin fusion protein.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.