

# LAMP-1 siRNA (h): sc-29389

## BACKGROUND

Lysosome-associated membrane proteins (LAMP) are glycosylated type I membrane proteins that play a role in the biogenesis of the pigment melanin. LAMP-1 (also designated CD107a) and LAMP-2 (also designated CD107b) are involved in a variety of functions, including cellular adhesion, and are thought to participate in the process of tumor invasion and metastasis. Newly synthesized LAMP-1 and LAMP-2 proteins are sorted at the *trans*-Golgi network and are transported intracellularly via a pathway that is distinct from the Clathrin-coated vesicles used for the mannose-6 phosphate receptor. LAMP-1 is expressed on the surface of Thrombin-activated but not resting platelets, and it is thought to be involved in the adhesive, prothrombic properties of these cells. Both LAMP-1 and LAMP-2 are involved in maintaining lysosome acidity and protecting the lysosomal membranes from autodigestion, and their expression is increased in patients with lysosomal storage disorders.

## REFERENCES

1. Febbraio, M., et al. 1990. Identification and characterization of LAMP-1 as an activation-dependent platelet surface glycoprotein. *J. Biol. Chem.* 265: 18531-18537.
2. Salopek, T.G., et al. 1996. Induction of melanogenesis during the various melanoma growth phases and the role of tyrosinase, lysosome-associated membrane proteins, and p90 calnexin in the melanogenesis cascade. *J. Investig. Dermatol. Symp. Proc.* 1: 195-202.
3. Kannan, K., et al. 1996. Lysosome-associated membrane proteins h-LAMP1 (CD107a) and h-LAMP2 (CD107b) are activation-dependent cell surface glycoproteins in human peripheral blood mononuclear cells which mediate cell adhesion to vascular endothelium. *Cell. Immunol.* 171: 10-19.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: LAMP1 (human) mapping to 13q34.

## PRODUCT

LAMP-1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see LAMP-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29389-SH and LAMP-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29389-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of LAMP-1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-29389A, sc-29389B and sc-29389C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

LAMP-1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of LAMP-1 expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

LAMP-1 (H4A3): sc-20011 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of LAMP-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor LAMP-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: LAMP-1 (h)-PR: sc-29389-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 435 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Yoshida, Y., et al. 2017. Ubiquitination of exposed glycoproteins by SCFF-BXO27 directs damaged lysosomes for autophagy. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 114: 8574-8579.
2. Lai, J.K.F., et al. 2017. 2BC non-structural protein of enterovirus A71 interacts with SNARE proteins to trigger autolysosome formation. *Viruses* 9: 169.
3. Zhang, Y.N., et al. 2018. Rab5, Rab7, and Rab11 are required for caveola-dependent endocytosis of classical swine fever virus in porcine alveolar macrophages. *J. Virol.* 92: e00797-18.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.