Isw1p (yS-15): sc-30581



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Transcriptional control involves a complex interplay between gene-specific activators, the general transcription apparatus and chromatin. Organization of genomic DNA into chromatin aids in the regulation of gene expression by limiting access to transcriptional machinery. The SWI/SNF family of complexes, which are conserved from yeast to humans, are ATP-dependent chromatin-remodeling enzymes required for the transcription of a number of genes in yeast. Iswp1 is a member of the imitation-switch (ISWI) class of ATP-dependent chromatin remodeling complexes. It is an ATPase whose distinct forms regulate each stage of the transcription cycle. Iswp1 forms a complex with loc2p and loc4p to regulate transcription elongation. It also forms a complex with loc3p to repress transcription initiation. Isw1p forms two separable complexes *in vivo* which differ in their abilities to bind to DNA and nucleosomal substrates, which possibly accounts for differences in specific activities in nucleosomal spacing and sliding.

REFERENCES

- Feldmann, H., Aigle, M., Aljinovic, G., Andre, B., Baclet, M.C., Barthe, C., Baur, A., Becam, A.M., Biteau, N., Boles, E. et al. 1994. Complete DNA sequence of yeast chromosome II. EMBO. J. 13: 5795-5809
- Tsukiyama, T., et al. 1999. Characterization of the imitation switch subfamily of ATP-dependent chromatin-remodeling factors in *Saccharomyces* cerevisiae. Genes Dev.13: 686-97.
- 3. Kent, N.A., et al. 2001. *In vivo* chromatin remodeling by yeast ISWI homologs lsw1p and lsw2p. Genes Dev.15: 619-26.
- 4. Santos-Rosa, H.,et al. 2003. Methylation of histone H3 K4 mediates association of the lsw1p ATPase with chromatin. Mol. Cell. 12:1 325-32.
- Morillon, A., et al. 2003. Isw1 chromatin remodeling ATPase coordinates transcription elongation and termination by RNA polymerase II. Cell. 115: 425-35.
- 6. Alen, C., et al. 2003. A role for chromatin remodeling in transcriptional termination by RNA polymerase II. Mol. Cell. 10: 1441-52.
- 7. Vary, J.C. Jr, et al. 2003. Yeast Isw1p forms two separable complexes *in vivo*. Mol. Cell. Biol. 23: 80-91.
- 8. Mellor, J., et al. 2004. ISWI complexes in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. Biochim. Biophys. Acta.1677: 100-12.

SOURCE

Isw1p (yS-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Isw1p of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-30581 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

Isw1p (yS-15) is recommended for detection of Isw1p of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com